The North Carolinian.

VOLUME II. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., THURSDAY, APRIL 6, 1871. NUMBER 41.

NORTH CAROLINIAN

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY,

By PALEMON JOHN.

Office on North-east corner of Main and Road Sts.

TERMS:—Two Dollars a year, in advance. If not paid in advance $2,50 will be charged.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

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4 inches	3 50	5 00	7 00	10 00	15 00	19 50	30 00
¼ col'n	5 00	7 00	9 00	11 00	15 00	20 00	35 00
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1 col'n	12 00	16 00	20 00	25 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL CARDS inserted in the Directory for two dollars a year for the first two lines. One dollar for each additional line.

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No Paper or Advertisement discontinued until arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher.

☞ For all advertisements displayed by cuts, ten per cent additional will be charged.

☞ Post Office Money Orders we consider perfectly safe, and the best means of remitting. Registered Letters, under the new system, are a very safe means of sending small sums of money where P. O. Money Orders cannot be easily obtained. We will not be responsible for money sent in any other way.

ELIZABETH CITY DIRECTORY.

PROFESSIONAL.

W. GRANDY, Jr., attorney at law, office on Main street, south side. v1n1-1y

L. COBB, attorney and counsellor at law, Main st. opposite "Carolinian" office. v1n1-1y

JAMES L. BALL, attorney and counsellor at law, office east side Road street, three doors from Main. v1n1-1y

DR. W. G. POOL, physician and surgeon, at his residence, south Main st. v1n1-1y

DR. L. K. SAUNDERS, physician and surgeon, Main street, opposite Baptist Church. v1n1-1y

DR. JOSEPH COMMANDER—office Road street, near Leather Hill; residences, Ehringhaus st. v1n1-1y

DR. R. K. SPEED, physician, office over Green & Fearing's store, cor. Road and Ehringhaus sts. v1n1-1y

DR. R. H. McINTOSH, physician, office Road street, formerly old Post Office. v1n1-1y

DR. I. T. ANDREWS, Dentist, office in North Carolinian building. v1n51-1y.

MILLINERY.

MRS. SARAH LABOYTEAUX, milliner, southwest corner Road and Main sts. v1n1-1y

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &c.

FRANK M. COOK, watches, clocks, &c., &c., Road st., east side, near Main. v1n1-1y

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &c.

J. Q. ETHERIDGE & Bro, drugs, chemicals, paints, oils, &c., northeast corner Road and Fearing sts. v1n1-1y

DR. JAMES N. BUTT, drugs, chemicals, paints, oils &c. South West corner Church and Road Sts. 45-1y.

DR. GRUMBEIN & CO., drugs, paints, oils &c. South East corner of Main and Road Sts. 45-1y.

MERCHANTS AND GROCERS.

L. A. COHN, dry goods, clothing, millinery goods, boots, shoes, hats, &c., Road st., east side. v1n2-1y

LAND AND LUMBER CO. OF N. C., dealers in real estate, lumber, shingles and general merchandise, Water street, south of Main. v1n1-1y

GREEN & FEARING, dry goods, groceries, boots, shoes, &c., corner Road and Ehringhaus sts. v1n1-1y

S. WEISEL, ladies' dress goods, clothing, hats, boots and shoes, corner Main and Water sts. v1n1-1y

C. C. GREEN, hardware and general assortment of goods, northeast corner Road and Church sts. v1n1-1y

D. B. BRADFORD, wholesale and retail grocer, No. 30 Road street. v1n1-1y

WM. STEGER, baker, confectionery, groceries, &c., Road st., opposite Col. Martin's office. v1n1-1y

SURVEYING.

W. H. Weatherly, Topographical Drawing and Surveying in all its branches.

HOTELS.

PENNSYLVANIA HOUSE, Jos. G. Russell, proprietor. Boarding and lodging. Main st., west of Road. n2-1y

PENDLETON HOTEL, T. D. Pendleton, pro'r, Water st opposite Clark's Agricultural Warehouse. v1n1-1y

LIVERY STABLES.

A. L. JONES, livery stables, old stand, Main street. v1n1-1y

C. B. BROTHERS, Livery Stables, east side Road st. south of Church. v1n1-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

NORTH CAROLINA MANUFACTURING, LOAN AND TRUST CO'S BANKING HOUSE, one door east of the office of the "North Carolinian." v1n1-1y

GEO. M. SCOTT, life, fire and marine insurance agent, southeast corner Main and Elliott sts. v1n1-1y

JAMES L. SMITHSON practical house painter, Road st., near Main. v1n1-1y

GEO. W. BELL, gun and lock smith, Road street, two doors south of Main. v1n1-1y

W. H. CLARK, Agricultural Depot, dealer in agricultural implements, Water st. v1n1-1y

J. L. WINNER'S Galery of Art, over Butt's Drug Store, Road street. 5—1y.

I. O. O. F.—Achoroe Lodge, I. O. O. F., meets at their Hall over Mr. J. Q. Etheridge's Drug Store, every Thursday evening—in Summer at 7½, and in Winter, at 6½.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

ELIZABETH CITY.

Charter election on the first Monday of January.—Meeting of the Board of Commissioners, afternoon of the first Monday of each month. Mayor—George W. Cobb. Commissioners—H. B. Coleman, Silas Randall, J. B. Robinson, Jesse R. Brown, M. B Culpepper. Treasurer—Geo. W. Bell. Attorney, C W Grandy, Jr. Clerk—Jos. Commander. Collector—J. H. Miskell. Constable—J. H. Miskell. Auctioneer—A L Jones.

POST OFFICE—W. A. Price, Postmaster.

CHURCHES.—First M E Church, Rev R S. Lambeth Pastor.—Sunday services at 11 o'clock, a. m. and 7 p. m.—S. School at 9 o'clock, a. m.—Christ Church (Episcopal), Rev M. H. Vaughan Rector.—Sunday School at 9 a. m. Services 10½ a. m., and 4½ p. m. Service in chapel for colored people at 8 p m.—Baptist Church, Rev R. R. Overly.—Sunday services at 7½ o'clock, p. m., and on the fourth Sunday of each month at 11 o'clock, a. m. Sunday School at 9 a. m.; Prayer Meeting on Sunday mornings (except fourth Sunday), after school.—Zion A M E Church, Rev W H Pitts, Pastor.—Sunday services at 11 o'clock, a. m., and at 3 and 8 p. m. Sunday School at 9 a. m. Friends Meeting every Sabbath at 3 o'clock, P. M., at the house of Dr. Wm. Underwood.

LODGES.—Samarian, No 1, K. of J.—Meets every Tuesday evening. T A Commander, W C.—Achoroe, No 14, I O of O F.—Meets every Friday evening.—Brothers and Sisters of Love and Charity.—Meet on alternate Tuesday nights. Grand United Order of O. F.—Meets alternate Thursday nights.

PASQUOTANK COUNTY.

Sheriff, Jno L Wood; Clerk Superior Court, William E Vaughan; Treasurer, W G Pool; Coroner, B F Keaton; Register of Deeds, M B Culpepper; Surveyor, W H Weatherly; Standard Keeper, A L Jones; Commissioners, Geo D Pool, C W Hollowell, C W Grandy, Jr, Hugh Kale, Benjamin Johnston.—Representative, T A Sikes.

SUPERIOR COURT—Tenth Monday after the first Monday in March and October. County seat, Elizabeth City.

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Composed of the Counties of Pasquotank, Perquimans, Camden, Currituck, Dare, Tyrrell, Hyde, Beaufort, Washington, Bertie, Hertford, Chowan, Martin, Gates, Northampton and Halifax.

Member of Congress, C L Cobb, Elizabeth City; Collector of Internal Revenue, Wm Barrow, Jackson; Assessor of Internal Revenue, Hiram E Stilley, Washington.

FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Is composed of the counties of Pasquotank (Court held on 9th Monday after the first Monday in March and October—County seat Elizabeth City,) Bertie, (Court held on 1st Monday in March and October—County seat Windsor,) Camden, (Court 12 Monday after first Monday in March and October) Chowan, (Court 6th Monday after 1st Monday in March and October—County seat Edenton,) Currituck, (Court 14 Monday after the first Monday in March and October—County seat Currituck C. H.,) Gates, (Court 4th Monday after the 1st in March and October—County seat Gatesville,) Hertford, Court 3rd Monday in March and October—County seat Winton,) Perquimans, (Court 8th Monday after 1st Monday in March and October—County seat Hertford,) and Dare, (Court in June and January—County seat Roanoke Island,) Judge Hon. CHARLES C. POOL. Elizabeth City; Solicitor, Hon. J. W. ALBERTSON, Hertford.

UNITED STATES COURTS.

Judge Circuit and District Courts, George W Brooks, Elizabeth City; Clerk of Circuit Court, N J Riddick, Raleigh; U S Attorney, D H Starbuck, Salem; U S Marshal, S T Carrow, Washington. The Terms of the Circuit Court are as follows:—1st Monday in June, and last Monday in November, at Raleigh. The Terms of the District Court are as follows: Third Monday in April and October, at Elizabeth City; S T Bond, Clerk. Fourth Monday in April and October, at New Bern; Chas Hibbard, Clerk. First Monday after the fourth Monday in April and October, at Washington Wm Larkins, Clerk.

BUSINESS CARDS.

JOHN Q. ETHERIDGE & BRO.,

DEALERS IN PURE

DRUGS,

MEDICINES,

PAINTS,

OILS,

GLASS,

VARNISHES,

PERFUMERY,

AND FANCY ARTICLES.

All staples connected with a first class Drug Business will always be found on hand.

☞ Prescriptions accurately compounded.

32-1y. E. City, N. C. Jan., 20 70.

FRANK M. COOK, JEWELER,

ELIZABETH CITY, NORTH CAROLINA,

Keeps constantly on hand, and for sale, a large assortment of the

FINEST JEWELRY.

Gold and silver and patent lever, lepine, and other

WATCHES,

Fob, vest, and guard chains, chatelains, keys, seals, charms, gold and silver pencils, silver spoons, breastpins, earrings, bracelets, cuff pins, etc.

REPAIRING

of watches, clocks, musical boxes, accordeons, etc., done with promptness and despatch.

☞ Accordeons and Sewing Machines for sale, also repaired. 8—1y

T. T. WHITCOMB.

CASH DEALER IN

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS

FLOUR AND FEED.

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN FRUITS. SHIP CHANDLERY &c., &c.

In the Shannon building, So. West cor. Main and Water Street.

Elizabeth City, N. C.

E. CITY, May 19, 1870-1y.

THE ELIZABETH CITY BAKERY & CONFECTIONERY STORE.

Fresh bread, cakes and pies always on hand Also a good variety of candies, fruits, nuts, figs, raisins, pickles, crackers, cheese, butter—in short everything in the bakery or confectionery line always on hand. Families supplied with bread cakes and pies on reasonable terms. Come and see. WILLIAM STEGER.

Road Street, Elizabeth City. 24-1y

DENTISTRY.

The undersigned has opened an office in Elizabeth City, N. C., for the purpose of practicing Dentistry in all its branches.

☞ Office in the North Carolinian building second story, corner Main and Road streets.

I. T. ANDREWS.

May 26, 1870-tf.

PENDLETON'S HOTEL,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

T. D. Pendleton, Proprietor.

This well-known house is located conveniently for the traveling public, being near the boat landing. Especial attention is aken to make guests comfortable. Charges moderate. 22-1y

HENRY B. COLEMAN.

Practical Painter and Grainer. Also practical Paper Hanger.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C. May 12, 1870. 1y.

PROFESSIONAL.

JAMES M. MULLEN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, SCOTLAND NECK, N. C.

Practices in all the Courts of Halifax, Northampton, Bertie, Martin and Edgecombe Counties.

Business entrusted to him promptly attended to.

May 3, 1870.-1y.

WALTER CLARK

ATTORNEY AT LAW, SCOTLAND NECK, N. C.

Practices in Courts of Halifax, Martin, Bertie, and Northampton Counties. Also, in Federal and Supreme Courts.

Collections made in any part of North Carolina. 2-1y.

C. W. GRANDY, Jr.

ATTORNEY AT LAW AND

GENERAL COLLECTOR,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Office North side of Main Street.

Jan. 13, 1870-1v.

PROFESSIONAL.—

DR. JAS. N. BUTT, Can be found at all hours of the day, at his Drug Store. In consequence of ill health he is engaged almost exclusively in an Office Practice. Those wishing medical attention will find him at home at all hours and avoid the annoyance of hunting a Physician absent on professional duties in the country.

E. City Sept. 15, 1870.

MEDICAL NOTICE.

Being engaged in other business, I desire to restrict my Practice to cases of Consultation, and to a limited extent of special practice.

My charges will be—

For consultation with another Physician,	$5 00
" each subsequent consultation, in same case	2 50
" examination and prescript'n, from $1 to	5 00
" visit in Eliz. City, and prescription,	1 50
" each subsequent visit, in same case, same day	50
" visit in Eliz. City, at night	5 00
" visit in country—the first mile	2 00
" each after mile, per mile	50
" visit one mile in country, at night, or in bad weather	6 00
" each after mile, at night, or in bad weather	1 00

Prompt settlement required.

W. G. POOL, M. D.

Elizabeth City, July 1, 1869-tf.

W. H. SMITH— —J. H. SHAW.

SMITH AND SHAW,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law.

Will attend to all matters intrusted to us in the Superior, Supreme and Federal Courts of North Carolina. Collections promptly made. 35-tf.

Poetry.

How They Did It.

They were sitting side by side,
And he sighed and she sighed.

Said he, "my darling idol!"
And he idled and she idled.

"You are creation's belle, oh,"
And he bellowed and she bellowed.

"On my soul there's such a weight,"
And he waited and she waited.

"Your hand I ask, so bold I've grown,"
And he groaned and she groaned.

"You shall have your private gig,"
And he giggled and she giggled.

She said, "my darling Luke,"
And he looked and she looked.

"I'll have thee if thou wilt,"
And he wilted and she willed.

Selected Story.

The Orphan's Heritage.

"Whirr, whirr!" and the sparks flew off the grindstone from the scissors held against it. The man who was grinding stopped a minute, felt the edge of the scissors with his thumb, tightened the rivet, and handed it to the servant who stood waiting for it.

"Threepence, miss; thank you;" and he prepared to move on. "Will you get in, Kitty?"

"No, grandpapa; me not tired," said a long-haired blue-eyed child of about five years old, who tottled alongside. She was very propeerly dressed, but perfectly clean; her hair was smooth and glossy, and her face had a look of contentment and trust; not every pretty child at first sight, but evidently a bright, docile little creature.

"Any knives or scissors to grind? any pots, pans or kettles to mend!" shouted the man as he pushed his little machine with a grindstone and emery-wheel, and a smoking pan of charcoal dangling from it, before him. The barrow was like other barrows of the sort, the only difference being that underneath, just above the treadle, was a sort of flat box, with a rug laid in it—a very cosy little nest indeed.

"Grandpapa, me ride," presently said the child.

"Jump in then, Kitty;" and the child curled herself up in that flat tray, and was presently fast asleep.

All day the man wheeled his grindstone from street to street, with the child sometimes awake, trotting alongside and prattling gaily, sometimes sitting or lying in her little cradle.

When darkness came on he turned from the crowded streets and ceased his monotonous cry. He was evidently upon his way homeward. Westward he went up Oxford street and along the Edgeware road, and through a side street to a small archway. Up this he drove his grinding machine into a small yard; there under cover of a shed, he stowed away his barrow, and lifting the sleeping child out of the rough cradle, he carried her tenderly up stairs to a room at the top of the house; then, laying her on the bed, he proceeded to strike a light. Leaving the candle burning, he went down stairs again and out into the crowded road. There he bought some hot potatoes from an itinerent vender, some bread and some butter, and a pint of tea at a coffee shop. This last he put in a tin he had brought with him, and then went back again to his room. He arranged his purchase to the best effect upon the little table, and then proceeded to wake up the child.

"Wake up, Kitty, you little sleepy head! Tea is ready; all hot, potatoes and everything."

The child sat up, rubbed her eyes, and then scrambled off the bed and clambered up on her grandpapa's knee.

"Me sleep so, so, so long," holding out her arms to the fullest extent.

"Yes, Kitty, and you would have slept all night if I would have let you."

"Good grandpapa, good nice supper!" the little child said as she tried to eat a hot potato.

Yes, isn't it first rate Kitty? You get it for nothing. Miss Tucker, you know, had to sing for her supper."

"Not Miss Tucker, grand—Tommy Tucker. Tommy must have been a boy, you know."

"Yes, of course, Kitty. Well, you knew he had to sing for his supper."

"I will sing, grandpapa," and she slipped off his knee and stood with her hands folded reverently, and sang the Doxology at the end of the evening Hymn. It was not perhaps, much like the air, but she sang the words clearly and distinctly in the childlike voice.

The old man ceased eating as she began and clasped his hand before him too. A tear stood in his eye as she finished.

"Very nice, Kitty, there's a dear. You have earned your supper; the potatoes are not too hot to eat now."

Kitty climbed up again on her grandfather's knee and ate her supper contentedly, prattling meantime about a thousand things.

"Now, grandpapa, tell me a story."

"What shall it be, pussy? Jack the Giant-killer, Puss in Boots, or Jack and the Beanstalk, or what?"

"The Fair One with the Golden Locks, grandpapa. I like that best."

The old man gravely begun his story but he had not gone far before the eyelids closed over the blue eyes, and the little head sank on his shoulder.

"There, Kitty," he said, "that is enough for to-night. Wake up dear; say your prayers and go to bed."

The child roused up a little, undressed herself—for she was a handy little woman—and then came back in her night-gown climbed up again on her granpfather's knee, and folding her hands repeated a little prayer. Then she said, "I have not filled your pipe, grandpapa;" and going to a corner she fetched a long pipe, and filled it with tobacco from a pouch the old man handed her, watched until he had lit it, and then held up her face to be kissed.

"Now you are cumfle," she said; "Kitty will go to bed and watch you."

It was not long she watched. In a few minutes the long fringe drooped over the eyes, and the child was asleep.

Either the pipe did not draw well or the smoker was more thoughtful than usual; for several times he relighted it, each time in a mechanical way as if he were thinking deeply. He was a man of perhaps fifty five years old; his hair was very gray, but he had an upright carriage, and something of the air of an old soldier. His eye was bright and clear—a kind honest, and yet a shrewd eye.

"It is time to try," he said at length to himself. "I have put off long enough. She can never be more winning than she is now. If he does not take to her now he never will. Poor little pet—poor little pet! I shall miss her sadly." And his firmly cut lip quivered at the thought. "Yes, I will start to morrow," he said "If it is to be done, it had better be done at once."

The next morning a little bundle was suspended under the barrow, and with this sligt preparation the pair of friends were ready to start upon their journey; Kitty in the highest glee at the thought of seeing pigs and sheep and cocks and hens and geese; and such things.

It was a long journey, and they did not hurry, but went quietly along, stopping at various villages and small towns, earning a few pence by the sharpening of knives setting of scissors, and patching up of leaky kitchen utensils.

It was more than a fortnight after they had left London that they reached the end of their journey, a quiet village down in Leicestershire. To Kitty's unbounded astonishment, her grandfather had left the grinding machine at their halting place the night before. He had, too, dressed himself in what Kitty called his Sunday clothes, and had produced from the bundle a dress for herself which she had never seen before, made of a light gray stuff, with blue shoulderknots. Greatly had Kitty exulted and danced ever this finery, but was rather subdued when told that she was not to put it on until the next evening. However, as she was dressed in what had previously been her best frock, she was content to wait, and was indeed delighted when her grandfather told her that upon this day they were to go in a carriage—yes, a real carriage.

There was some little astonishmsnt in the mind of the landlady of the Barton Arms when a fly stopped at the door, and a quiet-looking person, who from his upright walk and composed look she took to be a gentleman, though a poor one, got out, lifted out a little girl in a broad-brimmed straw hat, and with only a small bundle in his hand, entered the door.

"Can I have a private room, landlady?" he asked. "I shall be stopping here with my little grand-daughter for two days."

"Yes, sir; we have a private room. Have you any luggage?"

"I left it at Loughborough," he said.

Greatly was Kitty surprised at the unusual grandeur of their apartments. Only to think of one room to sit in and another to sleep in! Fortunately for the estimation in which their landlady held them, she was too much surprised and awed to express her sentiments until she was alone with her grandfather.

It was late in the afternoon when they arrived, and when tea was over Kitty went to bed, more sleepy than usual for her unwonted excitement. Her grandfather sat by her beside until she was fast asleep, and then returned to the sitting-room and rang the bell.

"Will you ask the landlady to step up?"

The landlady came up gladly, for she had been not a little mystified and puzzled as to who the gentleman with the little girl could be, or what could be their motive in coming to spend two days in Lauerton.

"Pray sit down," her guest said when she entered.

"I dare say you are somewhat surprisprised at my coming here; but at the present moment I cannot explain matters although, no doubt, you will know shortly. Will you be kind enough to answer one or two questions, even of you do not understand my motive in asking them?"

The landlady expressed her willingness to do so.

"Sir John Barton's place is close here is it not?"

"Quite close, sir; his gate is just at the entrance to the village."

"Has he any servants—his butler, for instance—who have been in the family many years."

'Lor,' yes, sir! He is not a gentleman to charge his servants. Mr. Merrron, his butler, has been with him, man and boy, nigh thirty years."

"Do you think I could get to speak to Mr. Merrion!"

"Nothing easier, sir! he is down stairs now. He steps over sometimes of an evening to smoke a pipe with my husband in the bar parlor."

"Would you kindly tell him that a stranger would be glad if he would come up and speak to him for a few moments upon a matter of importance?"

The landlady left the room to carry out the request, more and more puzzled by all this mystery.

In a minute or two there was a tap at the door, and a rather stout man in undress livery entered.

"Please take a seat. Mr. Merron Excuse the liberty I have taken in asking you to come up; but when you hear what I have to say, I am sure you will do so."

"Excuse me, sir," the butler said; "Mrs. Malin has just told me about you, and I don't know what you want to ask me, that is, I don't know whether you are a lawyer or what you want, and I can only say, anything I can tell you I will, but not if it's going to harm—no, nor worry Sir John."

"Not at all, Mr. Merrion, and you are quite right, quite right. You have, I hear, been a long time in the family, and are, I see attached to your master. He is, I believe, a proud man."

"Well yes; he's a right to be that, I expect," the butler said cautiously.

"Quito so, quite so, Mr. Merrion; but it is sad to think he has no child to come after him."

"Ay, ay;" the butler said, "it is all that."

"His only son, as I have heard," his interrogator said, "made a match beneath him, and his father never forgave him, never saw him again."

"Hy," said the butler, "butthat wasn't master's fault. He was away, and the letter telling as how Master Charles were ill never got to him for a week and then he went on post haste to France. I know, for he took me with him; and when he got down to Marsel, we found he was dead and buried, and his wife too; and that the child, who was only a month old, was gone—no one knew where. He'd give half his money to know."

"Thank God, thank God!" the other said; "this is good news indeed. Poor Kitty! Thank God!" and he covered his face with his hands and cried.

For some time the butler could only gaze at him in astonisment; at last he said:

"And who may you be sir? and what do you know of the child?"

"I am her grandfather," the man said. "And the child is asleep in the next room."

"I am glad," the butler said, excitedly, "ay, as glad as if it were my own. But why did you never come before? I know master advertised in every paper."

"I never saw them. I only knew that he had been written for on the same day I had. He never came, and I supposed would not. I buried my child and her husband, and took the baby and have kept her ever since. And I love her as I loved her mother before her. But she is over five years old now; and I thought that it was about time to try if her grandfather—who I believed had never forgiven his son, even when he knew he was dying—would now take his son's child Thank God that, from what you say, he will do so."

"Do so!" the butler said; "proud as Sir John is—and he is proud—there is nothing in the world he would not have done to find her ont."

The conversation lasted some time longer, and then Merrion took his leave, and went straight home without, to Mrs. Malin's great disappointment, revealing no word of what had taken place at the long and mysterious interview.

CONCLUDED NEXT WEEK.

Inaugnration of the New Town of Ayer.

The Legislature having enacted into a law the unanimous vote of our neighbors at Groton Junction to be chartered as a town named after our distinguished fellow citizen, Dr. J. C. Ayer, they assembled *en masse* on Monday to celebrate the consummation of their wishes. As the crowded trains arrived from every quarter, cannon boomed from the hills over the multitude while they assembled in the hall. This was found to be elegantly decorated with flags and evergreens, wrought into festoons and appropriate mottoes.

The "great medicine man" was introduced by President Prescott with high encomiums based on his personal and life long acquaintance. After thanking the audience for the cordiality of their greeting, Dr. Ayer spoke as follows:

Ladies and Gentlemen:

On the western coast of Scotland where it slopes into the Irish Sea, a river, rising on the mountains of the inner land, winds down among the hills and empties into the Frith of Clyde. From remote time it has been called Ayr from an old Scotch word "Ayry," meaning an eagle's nest. Near its mouth and a contiguous harbor, long stood a hamlet which became a royal burg or town named from the river, and now about one-third as large as Lowell—the city of Ayer. For more than a thousand years it has been noted in the history of Scotland. During the wars of Robert Bruce it was one of his resorts, and was especially favored by him, because he was there cured of leprosy. Oliver Cromwell made it one of the depots and headquarters of his army in his attack upon Scotland, and one of his old forts is now the Citadel of Ayr.

But above all its distinctions, Ayr was the birth-place of the poet Burns. And what a poet! What a voice has he given to all the endearments of home! How has he hallowed the cottage and all it covers—weans and wife, patches and wife. patches and poverty, beans, barley, ale, hardship and the poor man's toil. How he wraps with tenderness whatever he names, even his bleak leagues of pasture, the stubble-filds; ice, snow, sleet, and rain, brooks, birds, mice, thistles and heather. His Bonny Doon, John Anderson my Jo John, Auld Lang Syne, and Highland Mary, roll round the world in ever ringing symphony with what is purest and best in human nature. His songs woo and melt the hearts of youth and maidens, bring solace to the sorrowing and courage to the overburdened by their lot. His inspiration has set the affections to music in strains that are immortal.

No other man ever made a language classic, but he has rendered that lowland Scotch a Doric dialect of fame. The name of his home and his beloved river Ayr was lifted on the wings of his pathos, and now the approaching traveller yearns to reach the spot his genius has sanctified.

Among the borders of the sea in a parallelogram and surrounding the town is a county of the same name—Ayrshire.

It would weary your patience to hear the history of my ancestors from one ancient John of Ayr, then John Ayr, down through the centuries to this Ayer now before you; through their vicissitudes of poverty and plenty—of fortune and misfortune; how they have intermarried with England, Ireland and Scotland, and later with the Americans, who are an excellent mixture of them all.

My Friends: You have chosen the name I inherited for your town with an extraordinary unanimity, and have thereby conferred an honor upon me, the proper acknowledgment of which I do not feel fully able to express. But I beg you to be assured that it is appreciated and that it will be gratefully remembered with a living interest in your prosperity while life remains to me, and, I trust, beyond that, by my children after me.

If this name has become noted among the many that are worthier around you, that is greatlydue to its publicity. May I be permitted to state whence that came? Until within a few centuries all the civilized nations of the globe were pent up on the Eastern continent. Two or three hundred years ago they leaked over into this; few and fearfully at first, then more and more but always in their settlements timidly hugging the Atlantic coast. Within the last two or three generations, they have burst out, as it were, and overrun these vast continents of the West. Now they are scattered here and possess these measureless stretches of mountains and valleys, hills, plains, forests and prairies, with the boundless pampas and mountain ranges of South America. Former generations lived in villages and towns thickly settled together where physicians were plenty and near at hand. Now, the people are widely scattered, in many sections of these many countries. For great numbers the timely treatment of physicians cannot be had; over large tracts of country good or competent physicians cannot be had at all. They can not visit patients enough many miles apart to live by their profession, nor can they carry medicines enough with them on horseback for their requirements. Hence has arisen in these modern times, a necessity for remedies ready at hand, with directions for their use—a present recourse for relief in the exigencies of sickness, when no other aid is near. It is a new necessity consequent upon the changed conditions of human life—a want I have spent my years in supplying, and I will tell you something of its extent. Our laboratory makes every day some 630,000 potions or doses of our preparations. These are all taken by somebody. Here is a number equal to the population of fifteen cities as large as Lowell, taking them every day (for sickness keeps no Sabbaths) nor for once only, but again and again, year after year, through nearly one-third of a century. We all join in the jokes about medicines as we do about the Doctor's mission to kill, the clergyman's insincerity and the lawyer's cheating. Yet each of these labors among the most serious realties of life. Sickness and its attendant suffering are no joke, neither is the treatment of them. This system of transportable relief, to be made available to the people, must keep its remedies fresh in their memories. This is done by advertising. Mark its extent. An advertisement, taking the run of the newspapers with which we contract (some 1,9000 annually) is struck off in such numbers that when piled upon each other flatwise, like the leaves of a book, the thickness through them is sixteen miles. In addition, it takes some seven millions of pamphlets and twelve millions of circulars to meet the public demand for this kind of information. Our annual issue of pamphlets alone, laid solid upon each other, make a pile eight and one quarter miles high. The circulars measured endwise reach 1894 miles, and these assertions are matters of mathematical certainty. What ever the estimation in which these publications may be held here, they reach the firesides of millions upon millions of men who do treasure and regard them, and who in their trials do heed the counsel they bring.

Not only over these great Western continents, but throughout that other land so little known to you, under our feet, the Australian continent, there are few villages as large as this which are not familiar with the name you have chosen, and employing the remedies that bear it.

Thus, gentlemen, have I striven in my humble sphere to render some service to my fellow men, and to deserve among the afflicted and unfortunate some regard for the name which your kind partiality hangs on these walls around me. We may look forward with confident hope to the renown you will gather under it, and the prosperity, which there is reason to trust the future has in store for you. Situated as you are here on one of the main arteries between the west and east, between the great industries of the plow and the spindle you must aid in their exchanges and thrive with them. Soon these channels will be opened wide and pouring through your precincts streams of men and merchandise that will need your furtherance and must contribute to your growth.

Located here in the centre of uew England to what dearer spot can you turn that men inhabit? Beginning life rich with the honor of your mother town whose influence through her schools and scholars is of itself no Lawrence, Boutwell, Hoar, what may you not hope for of usefulness in the council of the state and nation?

Contrast our condition with that of the European nations, alternately torn and improvished with wars credit it as you may to the better education of the people and you will realize the value of the example old mother Groton has set you, so worthy of your ambition to follow. Build schools for your children and find talent to teach them, then intelligence and integrity in prosperous and happy homes will be your sure reward.

Associated as you have made me with your weal and woe, I wish I might be allowed to contribute from my means such as they are, something towards this first foundation of the public good.

Gentlemen, I have detained you too long. Oppressed with the fear, that I do not deserve the distinction you bestow, I pray God to make me worthier and to smile upon you with His perpetual blessings.—*From the Lowell Courier.*

Cheap Pleasure.

Did you ever study the cheapness of some pleasure? asks some writer. Do you know how little it takes to make a multitude happy? Such trifles as a penny; a word, or a smile do the work. There are two or three boys passing along—give them each a chestnut, and how smiling they look! they will not be cross for some time. A poor widow lives in the neighborhood, who is the mother of half a dozen children. Send them half peck of sweet apples, and they will be happy.

A child has lost his arrow—the world to him—and he mourns sadly; help him to find it or make him another, and how quickly will the sunshine play over his face. A boy has as much as he can do to pile up a lot of wood; assist him a few moments, or speak a pleasant word to him, and he forgets his toil, and works away without minding it. Your apprentice has broken a mug, or cut the vest too large, or slightly injured a piece of work. Say. "You scoundrel," and he feels miserable; but remark, "Iam sorry," and he will try to do better.

You employ a man; pay him cheerfully, and speak a pleasant word to him, and he leaves your house with a contented heart, to light up his own hearth with smiles and gladness.

As you pass along the street, you meet a familiar face, say "Good morning," as though you felt happy, and it will work admirably in the heart of your neighbor. Pleasure is cheap. Who will not bestow it liberally? If there are smiles, sunshine, and flowers all about us, let us not grasp them with a miser's fist, and lock them up in our hearts No, rather let us take them and scatter them about us, in the cot of the widow, among the groups of children, in the crowded mart, where men of business congregate, in our families, and everywhere. We can make the wretched happy, the discontent cheerful, the afflicted resigned at an exceeding cheap rate. Who will refuse to do it?

Queer Ideas.

The queer ideas some people have of nature's working's are sometimes exceedingly laughable. A French priest recently declared that insurance was flying in the face of Heaven. "To insure one's property" he said, "O my hearers, is a crime! Calamities of all sorts are chastisements from on high. If you insure your property you prevent God from punishing you, should he see fit to do so!" This is equal to the old Pennsylvania Dutchman who contributed liberally towards building a church, and was afterwards solicited to pay something more towards furnishing it with a lightning rod. "No," said he: "I pay fifty tollar to help pild a church for te Lord; and now if he choose to tonder on it, und knock it town, he do it at his own risk."

Dark Hours.

What heart has not had them? Who has not traveled under clouds; looked up upon a sunless, starless sky; no rift along the clouds; no break in the dull, dark monotony of human life? The eye dimmed; the heart saddened; the hopes crushed; the fairest flowers of earth faded; a chill, like the touch of death, upon our warmest heart strings; friendless, forsaken, alone—yet not alone, for He that sees through the darkest cloud, is ever near us.

Darkness is a part of life's discipline. It makes us bolder, stronger, and more determined in our purposes. Dark hours make friendships dearer to us. We lean with confidence on those we love, and learn that God has not created us to be selfish and independent.

Dark hours dwarf human ambition, curb our passions, modify our purposes, and teach us there is a limit to human vanity. As Winter enables the trees to gather sap for the approaching Spring, so these hours fit us for the more active duties of future life.

The glare of sunshine is not the best for peace or prosperity; the saddest hours are frequently the most profitable.

From the deep caves of earth, though dark, stars are seen that no lofty mountain top could reveal to the silent, upward gazer.

Art thou a mourner, sitting by the shades of the sepulchre, striving to peer into the gloom of the grave? Turn thy eye heavenward! Beyond the place where the stars glimmer is a land unwet by a tear, unbroken by a grave, and where no cloud flings its shadow on the eye or heart.

Fear not the future of life. No night so long but that the morning broke resplendent; no storm has beaten on the earth so furiously but that its huge clouds have rolled away, and the bow of promise arched the heavens.

And in that world of light beyond it will be seen we needed to tread the clouded vale to reach the sunlit hills of Paradise.

Sleep, Fainting, Apoplexy.

When a man is asleep, his pulse beats and his lungs play, but he is without sense, and you can easily wake him up.

If a person faints, he too, is without sense, but he has no pulse and does not breathe.

Apoplexy is between the two; the heart beats, the lungs play as in sleep, and there is no sense, as in fainting, but you cannot shake the man back to life.

In sleep, the face is natural; in a fainting fit, it has the pallor of death; in apoplexy, it is swollen, turgid, and fairly livid.

If a man is asleep let him alone; nature will wake him up as soon as he has got sleep enough.

When a person faints, all that is needed is to lay him down flat on the floor and he will "come to" in double-quick time. He fainted because the heart missed a beat, failed for an instant, failed for only once to send the proper amount of blood to the brain. If you place the patient in a horizontal position, lay him on his back, it does not require much force of the heart to send the blood on a level to the head; but if you set a man up, the blood has to be shot upwards to the head, and this requires much more force; yet in nine cases out of ten, if a person faints and falls to the floor, the first thing done is to run to him and set him up, or place him on a chair.

In apoplexy, as there is too much blood in the head, every one can see that the best position is to set a man up, and the bloood naturally tends downward, as much so as water will come out of a bottle when turned upside down, if the cork is out.

If, then, a man is merely asleep, let him alone, for the face is natural; if a man has fainted, lay him flat on his back, for his face is deadly pale; if a man is apoplectic, set him in a chair, because the face is turgid, swollen, livid, with its excess of blood.

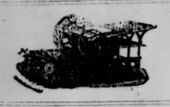
How Girls Ought to Walk and Eat.

Dr. Dio Lewis, in a recent article on women says:

How any of you desire to appear well, to make a fine impression, can consent to crawl about poking your chin out, shoulder blades sticking out and wiggling yonrself along in that stubby stumbling way, amazes me.

Who, girls, if you were to give one-twentieth part as much time of learning to walk as you give to the piano, you would add immensely to your attractions. Everybody plays the piano. It is really refreshing to meet

NORTH CAROLINIAN.



EQUAL RIGHTS FOR ALL MEN.

PALEMON JOHN, : : : : : : Editor.

Elizabeth City, N. C., Apr 6, 1871.

For terms and advertising rates, see first page.
We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

A complete file of the NORTH CAROLINIAN may be found at the office of GEO. P. ROWELL & Co., Advertising Agents 40 and 41 Park Row New York, who are authorized to represent us in that city.

A GENERAL REPLY TO NUMEROUS NORTHERN CORRESPONDENTS.

During and since the Impeachment trial and the developments respecting the Ku-klux outrages that trial made public, we have received numerous letters from the North expressing uneasiness as to ourself and family and our Northern friends located here, and informing us that they have decided to postpone emigration, fear ing that Northern capital and enterprize will be unsafe so long as our State is in the control of the present party in po wer and these outrages against the persons and property of her citizens are permitted to occur within her borders. That this would be one of the inevitable results of the Ku-klux Democracy and those who aid and abet them we very well knew. It has kept and *is keeping* thousands of the very kind of population we need and millions of the capital we are suffering for from coming to our State. The true friends of North Carolina see this, and deplore it. A reaction has already began not by any means confined to Republicans but, including numbers of those who voted against us in 1870. This will increase and result at the next election in placing our State in harmony with the National Government. The great mass of our people are in favor of law and order. They want *peace*.

As for us, we have no apprehensions whatever. It is just as peaceable and quite as safe in this section of this State as anywhere in the North. Our Northern readers will notice that we are just as outspoken in the expression of our sentiments as we were in Pennsylvania, and, by the way, the Democrats here are far more decent and treat us with much more regard than the Copperhead Democracy of our native State. The Northern man who comes here and conducts himself properly is treated with respect and as a friend. In the expression of his opinions he can exercise just as much freedom, and in his person and property he will find just as much protection as any where in the Union. We speak from an observation and experience, now extending over two years.

Here, in Eastern North Carolina, there are fewer violations of law—less practice in the criminal courts than in any section we know in proportion to the population. The public sentiment here is healthy and opposed to the outrages that have disgraced the Western portions of the State. A cordial welcome is extended to those who come here from the North to locate. Themselves and families will find the people sociable and hospitable, more like friends than strangers.

GOOD ADVICE.

A late number of the *Working Man* contains an article on "How to keep a Situation," which is worthy the attention of all classes of laborers. It is good, practical advice, and hence we publish it, calling the attention of all interested to it:

Lay it down as a foundation rule, that you will be "faithful in that which is least." Pick up the loose nails, bits of twine, clean wrapping paper, and put them in their places. Be ready to throw in an odd half hour or hour's time, when it will be an accommodation, and don't seem to make a merit of it. Do it heartily. Though not a word be said, be sure your employer will make a note of it. Make yourself indispensable to him, and he will lose many of the opposite kind before he will part with you.

Those young men who watch the time to see the very second working hour is up—who leave, no matter what state the work may be in, at precisely the instant who calculate the extra amount they can slight their work, and yet not get reproved—who are lavish of their employer's goods, will always be the first to receive notice that times are dull, and their services are no longer required.

Regardless of the Constitution, in direct violation of its plain provisions, the Democratic majority in the Legislature have passed a Convention Bill. They passed one earlier in the session but Gov. CALDWELL balked them in their movement. They then modified the bill and tried to pass it by a two-third vote. In this they failed;—the Republicans of the Legislature believing that in the present excited condition of the people it was unwise to interfere with the organic law. But the revolutionary Democracy have decided to over-ride the Constitution. It won't do.

THE HUB AND COACH MAKERS' MAGAZINE.—These two ably conducted Magazides have been consolidated, embracing in one the principal features of both. The new Magazine—and it is gotten up in the most perfect style—will contain correspondence, trade news, and special articles upon painting and varnishing, such as characterized the *Hub*; also fine carriage drafts, numerous illustrated cuts and drawings, and the additional departments which were prominent features in the *Coach Makers' Magazine*. Every member of the craft should subscribe for it. Price $3 a year, free of postage. Address GEORGE W. W. HOUGHTON, 88 Chamber street, N. Y.

Tell us, ye praters, what has become of the promised revolution which was to go into effect with the new Congress, under the head of the "Revenue Reformers." Was there ever such a flatting out before? Did this *new* party die a natural death, or was it "busted"? Do tell.

Hon. JACOB M. HOWARD, Ex-Senator from Michigan, was stricken with paralysis at his home in Detroit on the 1st inst. and died on the 2nd. He was 66 years of age.

THE DANGER OF IGNORANCE—THE REMEDY.

Reading and writing are such rudimentary accomplishments, and were acquired by most of us so early in life, that we are apt to forget how many there are in the land to whom a printed or written sheet is as unintelligible as the hieroglyphics in an Egyptian temple. We scarcely realize that there are over three millions of the adult population of the United States that can neither read nor write. And yet such are the figures of the census. These figures by no means represent only the ignorant immigrants reaching us from "over the sea"; they embrace, in a large proportion, our native population.

Now we hold that it is desirable that the population of a civilized country should be educated, and especially so in a Republic where the choice of the rulers is in the hands of the masses. The importance of universal education, therefore, as a counterbalance for the evils of universal suffrage, as a preventive for pauperism and crime, cannot be overrated; and it is gratifying to notice that the educational interests are attracting increasing attention. And it *should* do so. When one-tenth of our population are unable to either read or write, we have arrived at a crisis not entirely safe. This ignorant class is a dangerous element, and it becomes our duty to take measures to defend the nation against the inroads of this ocean of ignorance. The remedy is in universal education. If necessary, make it compulsory. Unless this monster which threatens us is met, it will paralyze and utterly destroy our institutions. The same power which gives the Government a right to protect itself against domestic and foreign enemies should give it the right to at once take measures to defend itself against this one. There can be no doubt about it. Let it be done.

Some of the Democrats from Virginia and North Carolina are already repenting in figurative sackcloth and ashes their rash and suicidal votes on repealing the duty on coal. The bituminous coal of those States is nearer tide water than that of Nova Scotia, and Senator Sprague, who has used both, is the authority for the statement that the product of the Virginia mines is worth a dollar a tun more than the foreign coal, while that of North Carolina is more valuable still. Steps have already been taken to develop these mines and place their products in the New England market, but the action of the House will prevent anything further in that direction for the present. The leaders of the Democratic side were boasting of their splendid organization, which commanded the solid vote of the Democratic delegations from these States, in direct opposition to the interests of their constituents, and the gentlemen themselves are only hoping that their friends at home may not hear what they have been doing.—*New York Tribune.*

Isn't it a little remarkable that the Democratic delegation in Congress from this State should so utterly ignore the interests of their constituents? But it appears to be characteristic of them all to be made passive tools of by the leaders of the party. It is clearly established that the North Carolina coal is more valuable than any other, and yet our North Carolina Democrats vote to repeal the duty on it. Contrast this vote with that of the Democrats from Pennsylvania. Bitterly partisan as they are they did not forget the interests of their constituents. They voted *against* the repeal of the duty on coal.

One of the ablest and most effective speeches on Southern affairs was made in the United States Senate on Friday last by Hon. JOHN POOL. It was dispassionate, dignified, and covered the whole ground. He charged much of the responsibility of the past and present troubles of the South to the Democratic party of the North. The *New York Times*, in alluding to this speech, calls especial attention to the following effective point made:

Some time since, three negroes in the State of North Carolina assumed the disguise of the Kuklux and committed several robberies under cover of it. They were detected and convicted, and are now in the Penitentiary. The Democrats have made the most of this fact. Hardly a speech has been made by them on Southern outrages, but contains an allusion to it. In the debate in the Senate, yesterday, on the Kuklux outrages, Senator POOL, of North Carolina, turned the tables by showing that when the Kuklux mask covered a black face, the person under it was arrested, tried, convicted and punished. No brethren came forward to screen him by perjury, or acquit him by being summoned on the jury. The Kuklux in North Carolina is recognized, and shields white ruffians only.

It is one of the necessities of the epoch in which we live that everything shall be driven at railroad speed, and that in all we do we shall condense into a few minutes what it formerly required hours to accomplish. Nature alone follows the ancient laws. The seasons cannot be hurried or anticipated—except under glass—but pursue with unvarying regularity the same unvarying round. With man and man's works it is altogether different. Whatever his new needs may be, new inventions rise up to meet them. Machinery now does, at small cost, the work of myriads of hands, and thus cheapens production and adds to the comfort of the population.

"Our Devil suggests that some of the people in town who are behind the times should be fed on *ketch-up*."

Right brother, (*North Carolinian*) let them eat *ketch-up*, and stop drinking *backings*.—*Rutherford Star.*

Sound advice. This drinking, alas, how it does put people back, gets them down and keeps them there. Stop it, and at once.

The State election in Connecticut on Monday resulted in a Republican victory. Better than we expected.

The Municipal elections in Ohio, Indiana and Kansas, have gone Republican.

Worth, the noted man-milliner and mantua-maker of Paris, is reported to have been nearly ruined by the war. The almost total destruction of his superb suburban villa, by the Germans, will prove a loss to him of about 4,000,000 francs.

Notwithstanding the politics of the Elizabeth City *North Carolinian* (with which, so far as they tend to radicalism, we have no sympathy), we have to congratulate the people of that section of the State on the establishment of that paper in their midst.

The efforts of Dr. John, the editor, seem to have been mainly directed to the building of the material interests of his section; and in inducing a large and valuable class of immigrants, he has been peculiarly successful. We wish we could find more instances of the kind to record, and it would be fortunate if we had more Palemon Johns in our State.

We clip the above notice from the Raleigh *Telegram*. Though differing with the editor politically, we believe that he, with us, is honestly laboring for the advancement of the good "Old North State" in all her material interest. Believing Maj. HEARNE to be honest, though politically wrong, we respect him, and would say to those of our readers desiring a live, outspoken paper from the State Capitol to send for the *Telegram*.

Correspondence.

The Stomach Ache.

WASHINGTON, N. C. March 22, 1871.

To the Editor of the North Carolinian:

You held out a ray of hope to the author of "Throbbing Brain" and "Beating Heart," that in the event of certain circumstances occuring, his or her poems should be published. Having in my earlier days of playing the role of a newspaper correspondent, been on one or two occasions subject to the disheartening influences of having my manuscript declined, I sympathize with the unfortunate author, and being a person of deeds and not words I have endeavored to be a "Special Providence" to him or her, and have therefore taken up my sword,—no my pen—in his or her behalf. The enclosed is the proof of my sympathy.

"Mongst all the ills to which our flesh is heir,
There's none in anguish can compare
With a first-class stomach-ache.
Visions of contortions rush across our brain,
In imagination we are racked with pain,
As we think of many a jolly colic.
Who cares for "Throbbing Brain," or "Beating Hearts,"
When growling, grumbling are our "inward" parts,
With pains we can't express or speak of?
A lover's sigh is rudely snapped in twain,
The "question," squelched by a twinge of pain,
Cursed by a cruel gripe of *molly grubs*.
The "good night kiss" is cut off short;
And lovers hearts are made the sport,
Of that racking, twisting, demon colic.
For a "Throbing Brain" you can find pity,
To a "Beating Heart," can sing a ditty,
In *Colic* you must suffer and be still.
Then cease your wails about a "Throbbing Brain,"
Nor whine of "Beating Hearts" in pain,
Until you've suffered from the "Grecian Bend."

W.

Thanks.

To the Editor of the North Carolinian:

Will you be kind enough to allow me, through your journal, to express my grateful thanks to Col. John S. Burgess for a jar of peaches prepared from the growth of his orchard last season. They were the most elegant I ever ate, and on last Sunday, at the dinner table, while eating the same, my whole heart spoke in volumes. May the Colonel and his lady long live to enjoy the good things of this life, and especially *prepared peaches* like those sent me.

Truly yours,

JOHN L. WOOD.

Elizabeth City, April 4, 1871.

The Legislature.

On the 27th the Senate passed a bill authorizing the Commissioners of Hertford County, to levy a special tax. The bill for the relief of the Western N. C., railroads was taken up and pased, a bill fixing the salaries of Geologist at $5,000 and Assistant $1,500, Superintendent of the Lunatic Ayslum at $1,800 and Assistant at $1,200, Keeper of Capitol at $600, who is made keeper of weights and measures was passed. At the evening session a message was received from the House informing the Senate that the House of Representatives had agreed upon articles of Impeachment against Edmund W. Jones, Judge of the Superior Court the Second Judicial District of North Carolina, and would in due time, exhibit the articles at the bar of the Senate. The Senate notified the House that it would recieve the Managers when the latter—Messrs Philips, Withers, Ashe, McAfee and Little appeared with articles of Impeachment, four in number, the first charges the said Edmund W. Jones, Judge of the second district with drunkenness and disgraceful conduct at Raleigh: Similar conduct at Goldsboro: ditto at Tarboro, and ditto in Williamston.———In the House a resolution to impeach Edmund W. Jones Judge of the second district was passed. The chair announced Messrs. Phillips, Withers, Ashe, McAfee and Settle as a Board of Managers on the part of the House, to conduct the impeachment trial. An act to raise revenue, was taked up and after some discussion, the bill passed its third reading.

On the 28th in the Senate on motion of Mr. Linney the bill abolishing the great ticket system of voting and providing for separate ticket at elections, taken up. Mr. Linney offed an amendment placing county officers on one ticket and members for the General Assembly on another, which was adopted, and the bill then passed its second reading, ayes 27, nays 11. On motion of Mr. Latham, the House bill, transmitted, changinf the time for holding the Spring term o, Courts of Beaufort and Pitt counties, which was necessary, owing to the approaching impeachment of Judge Jones was taken up and passed its second and third times, and passed. (Beaufort to be held the 14 Monay after 1 Monday in Feb and that of Pitt the sixteenth Monday after the first Monday in February.) An act to incorporate the Georgia and N. C. R. R. Co. from some point in Cherokee county county, N. C., read and passed its several readings. Mr. Dargan asked leave to take up a little bill, entitled "Liabilities and Contracts of Husbands and Wives before Marriage," remarking he thought there would be no objection, as "we all know a man who marries a woman now-a-days gets nothing." The motion prevailed, and the bill was read, amended, and passed its several readings. [Provides that no one shall be liable for debts contracted by wives before coverture.]———In the House Mr. Phillips, Chairman of Board of Managers, for impeachment of Judge E. W. Jones, stated that the articles had been presented to the Senate, and that Judge Jones would be ordered to appear, and trial be proceeded with. On motion of Mr. McAfee, a bill to amend an act in regard to a system of public instruction, was taken up. [Provides that Sheriffs shall pay over school tax to County Treasurers and that the superintendent of Public Instruction shall apportion to each county according to census. The bill was passed. A bill for the better Government of the Insane Asylum, was taken up and passed. The bill provides for the appointment of a number of gentlemen as a Board of Supervisors, and only changes the government in some financial particulars. On motion of Mr. Chamberlain, a bill to allow the Commissioners of Camden county to levy a special tax, was taken up and passed its second reading.

On the 29th in the Senate a bill punishing persons obtaining money, goods, &c., under false pretenses, taken up. Penalty—fine of $100 nor more than $5,000. Imprisonment one year nor more than five years. Passed 2nd and 3rd readings. On motion of Mr. Speed, an act amending the charter of Edenton taken up, read and passed its second and third readings. On motion of Mr. Beasly, a bill incorporating the Naval Extension R. R. Co., taken up. To run from Weldon through Northampton to some point in Bertie Co. Passed its several readings. On motion of Mr. Skinner, a bill incorporating the N. C. Stock Raising and Fishing Co., was taken up, and passed its several readings. In the House the day occupied with private bills.

On the 30th in the Senate on motion of Mr. Graham of Orange, an act to raise revenue was taken up, considering it by sections. It has already passed the the House.

The bill levies the following tax:

Tax on polls,	90 cts.
Tax for ordinary expenses.	22 "
Tax for Insane Asylum and Institution for Deaf, Dumb and Blind,	8 "
Tax for present deficiency in the Treasury,	10 "
Tax for Penitentiary,	12 "

It was passed by a vote of 19 ayes to 15 nays. On motion of Mr. Warren the House bill for the enlargement and completion of the Albemarle canal, taken up. Mr. Speed moved its indefinite postponement dealing heavy blows upon Marshall Parks and his friend of the management of that canal. Mr. Warren said he didn't think Mr. S. understood properly the merits of this bill, and made an explanation.

Mr. Graham. of Alamance, demanded the previous question, and the billl passed —ayes 26, nays 4.———In the House the bill to submit the question of Convention or no Convention to the people of the State, and to provide for the election of delegates was taken up discussed and passed by a vote of 59 ayes to 35 nays. The balance of the day occupied with local bills.

On the 31st in the Senate on motion of Mr. Dargan, the resolution in favor of F. M. Strudwick, to pay him for expenses to and from Plymouth for the purpose of obtaining evidence in the Judge Jones impeachment matter, passed its several readings. Message from the House announcing the passage of the Convention bill, with amendments, which strikes out the two-thirds' provision. After a long discussion it passed by a vote of 30 ayes to 11 nays. On motion of Mr. Speed, a resolution in favor of Jas. M. Whedbee, of Elizabeth City. Also by the same, a bill incorporating the Elizabeth City Ship Building Association.———The House occupied with local bills a message was received from his Excellency the Governor, informing the House that Judge E. W. Jones, had tentered his resignation, and stating that the resignation could not be accepted until the articles of Impeachment were disposed of. Mr. Sparrow introduced a resolution instructing the messaga to withdraw the articles of impeachment against Judge E. W. Jonos, The resolution under a suspension of the rules, was adopted.

On the 1st instant, in the Senae, the Court of Impeachment having formed the Managers from the House appeared, when—

Mr. Phillips, chairman, presented the following resolution adopted by the House of Representatives:

WHEREAS, The Governor hath informed this House that Edmund W. Jones, Judge of the second judicial district, against whom this Honse preferred articles of impeachment, has resigned his office of Judge, therefore be it

Resolved, That the articles of Impeachment adopted by the House against the said Edmund W. Jones, and presented to the Senate, be, and they are hereby withdrawn, and that Managers of Impeachment appointed on behalf of the House inform the Senate of this action of the House and request the Senate to return said articles of impeachment.

Mr. Robbins, of R., an order that the Senate sitting as a Court of Impeachment accede to the request of the House of Representatives and return the articles of impeachment to that body; but, nevertheless, assert the principle that the Senate does so only at its option, and does not admit that it would not be perfectly competent to proceed with the trial of an impeached officer, notwithstanding any resignation.

Mr. Speed: I desire to make a statement. This man is my brother-in-law. I hope they will give him a fair trial. I want a trial. I believe it to be the foulest conspiracy ever gotten up against a man. He had his infirmity, I don't deny,—but he has been hunted down. If they will put the articles back where they started, I will prove it to be the foulest conspiracy ever concocted. If they try him, I will pledge myself to clear him, or be condemned myself. I'll show that it was a base plan to get him drunk, &c. He has never been seen drunk on the bench,—so the Solicitor says, and so a distinguished lawyer of this district, now in this city, tells me, and no one says he has been seen drunk on the bench. It seems to be getting a monstrosity for a man to get drunk, and an exception to those who are sober. I repeat: give him a fair trial, and I will show this Senate a devilish plan set on foot to oust this man. As a Senator and a gentleman, I will do it.

Mr. Graham, of O., an order that the said E. W. Jones, having resigned his office as Judge of the said 2nd Judicial District, the further prosecution of the impeachment be discontinued, and that the Senate sitting as a Court of Impeachment adjourn *sine die*———In the House the Senate resolutions censuring Gov. T. R. Caldwell and Chief Justice Pearson for their action on the Convention bill, was taken up and passed by a vote of 52 to 31. Balance of the day taken up with local bills.

Congress.

On the 28th in the Senate, Mr. Sumner presented a memorial praying for a Court of Nations, to settle all difficulties without a resort to bloodshed. He also offered a resolution of inquiry into the case of Fred Douglass and son, who, it was alleged, were not permitted the privileges of travelers on the Aquia Creek mail steamer. Objection was made, and the resolution not received. After a brief discussion with regard to the order of business, Mr. Howe, of Wisconsin, continued his reply to Senator Sumner's speech on San Domingo, and was followedby Mr. Frelinghuysen, who defended the Presideut's course. Mr Schurz, of Missouri, then came to the support of Mr. Sumner, and argued that the proceedings for the acquisition of San Domingo were unauthorized and without precedent.———In the House, after the presentation of two or three memorials and the introduction of a bill to encourage ship-building, Mr. Shellabarger, from the Select Committee on the President's Message, submitted a bill for the enforcement of the Fourteenth Amendment to the National Constitution. The bill was read the first and second time, and then a discussion arose as to the amount of debate to be allowed on it. The matter was finally left to the rules of the House, and Mr. Shellabarger opened the debate in a speech explaining the purpose of the bill, defending its constitutionality and urging its passage. Mr. Kerr replied to him, and after some further discussion the House adjourned.

On the 29th in the Senate, the morning hour was taken up with a discussion on the order of business, with no result. The debate on Sumner's San Domingo resolutions was then resumed. Mr. Schurz concluded his speech, and a reply was made by Mr. Harlan, who concluded by moving to lay the resolutions on the table. Mr. Sumner made a persistent attempt to close the debate, but the motion to lay on the table not being debatable, and Mr. Harlan insisting upon the question, a vote was taken resulting in yeas 30, nays 16. Just before adjournment the resolution instructing the Judiciary Committee to report measures for the suppression of southern disorders, was taken up.———In the House the day was taken up with debate on the bill reported by Mr. Shellabarger for the enforcement of the Fourteenth Amendment. Messrs. Morgan, of Ohio, and Whittmorne, of Tennesee, spoke against it, and Messrs. Hoar, of Massachussetts, and Kelley, of Pennsylvania, in its favor.

On the 30th in the Senate, a resolution was offered and laid over, calling for full information with regard to property seized by military authority since Jan. 1, 1861. The motion made some time ago for a reconsideration of the extra bounty bill was agreed to, and an amendment offered but not acted upon. The subject of alleged disorders at the South was then taken up, and the amendment of the order of business, allowing any bill passed by the House on this subject to be considered at any time, was adopted. The debate then continued on Mr. Sherman's resolution directing the Judiciary Committee to report measures for the suppression of outrages. The resolution was opposed by Davis and Stevenson, of Kentucky, and denfended by Mr. Morton.———In the House the Senate bill authorizing a Commission for the investigation of the Sutro-Tunnel was passed. The bill reported from the Select Committee for the enforcement of the Fourteenth Amendment was taken up and debated throughout the sitting. The principal speeches were made by Mr. Beck, of Kentucky, and Fernando Wood, of New-York, who declared that the reports of outrages were greatly exaggerated, and the object of the agitation and of the pretent legislation, was to enable the Republican Party to retain its ascendency. The bill was advocated by Mr. Blair, of Michigan and Mr. Maynard, of Tennessee, but most of the talking was done by its Democratic opponents.

On the 31st in the Senate business opened with a continuation of the debate on Mr. Sherman's resolution in favor of the Ku-Klux" legislation, Mr. Pool making a lengthy expsition of the question claiming that the people were not responsible as the outrages were due entirely to secret organizations. He called attention to the fact that negroes had been punished for mimicking the "Ku-Klux" because they had no organization to secure their escape. The primary cause of the past and present trouble in the South, Mr. Pool very clearly traces to the Democratic party of the North, which incited the South to Rebellion in the first instance, and has ever since been incessantly occupied in fanning the flame of discord. The remedy he believes to be in measures mild but firm at first, and then, if the Ku-Klux will not disband he advocates a reference to the strongest means that the Government can bring to bear, as the only method of avoiding another civil war hereafter. When the Ku-Klux bill comes before the Senate, Mr. Pool purposes to give his views at still greater length.———In the House the day occupied discussing the bill to enforce the Fourteenth Amendment.

On the 1st there was no session of the Senate. The day was occupied in the House with a debate on the bill for the enforcement of the Fourteenth Amendment. Among its opponents were Messrs. Waddell and Shober of North Carolina, who went on the over arguments that the outrages in the South were exaggerated and were not beyond the control of State authorities, and that Congress had no power under the Constitution to interfere in the matter. The measure was advocated by Elliott and Rainey, colored members from South Carolina, Hawley of Illinois, and other. The discussion was continued in the evening.

On the 3rd the time of Senate and House still occupied with the Ku-Klux bill.

Europe.

From the papers of the 28th we learn that there is a rumor that the Duc D'Aumale will succeed M. Thiers, An order has been issued for the arrest of General Garibaldi upon his appearance in France. Gen. Le Flo retires from the Foreign Office, and is succeeded by Clermault. Orders have been given for the levy of mobilized volunteers. Fifteen battalions out of the Nation Guard out of twenty-four at Lyons were sent to support the Commune, and the new Government has been proclaimed there. A bill is to be introduced into the German Parliament providing for the enforcement of the authority of the Emperor over Alsace and Lorraine after Jan. 1, 1773. Louis Napoleon visited Queen Victoria at Windsor Castle yesterday. A Republican band has made its appearance in Lerida, Spain. The Queen of Sweden is quite ill. The bill making marriage with a deceased wife's sister legal, was rejected in the British House of Commons yesterday.

From the papers of the 29th we learn that only 180,000 votes were cast on Sunday at Paris, the better class keeping away from the polls. Those elected were mostly obscure persons, and those who are well known were such as Flourens, Blanqui, and Pyat. It is said that Paris now presents its usnal appearance. M. Thiers, in an eloquent speech in the National Assembly on Tuesday, took the trouble to deny that he had any designs against the Republic. The organs of the Communists contend that Paris must be independent in the management of iis municipal affairs. An article in the *Jonrnal Official* advocates the assassination of the Duc d'Aumale. The plenipotentiaries of France and Germany met at Brussels yesterday, and made some preparations for the negotiation of the Treaty of Peace.

From the papers of the 30th we learn that Paris is reported as perfectly quiet. On Tuesday the Commune was proclaimed and the red flag was liberally displayed in all parts of the city. The Paris Government has been recognized at Marseilles, but in general it receives but little support from other parts of France. The Versailles Government has issued another circular. It claims to be able to quell the insurrection, but wishes to avoid bloodshed. Versailles is said to have the appearance of a camp, troops arriving continually from all quarters. The Central Committee are having dissensions among themselves, and several members have been arrested by their colleagues. The German troops are concentrating at L'Isle Adam, and will remain there till disorders cease. The Garibaldians refuse to fight except against a foreign enemy. The peace negotiations at Brussels are delayed by the condition of affairs at Paris. The Royal Albert Hall of Science and Art, at Kensington, was opened by Queen Victoria in person, yesterday. The Arab chief Sidi Mokrani, in Algeria, has declared war against France.

From the papers of the 31st we learn that there are no new developments of interest in the revolution at Paris. The attempt to establish the Commune at Marseilles was a signal failure, and the old order of things is restored. The National Guard, it is stated, costs the City of Paris 800,000 francs daily, and the salary of Communal Councillors is 300 francs per month each. Several changes have already been made in the Council, and the dissensions in the Central Committee continue. The English residents of Paris are returning to their homes. Picket firing has been reported on the road from Paris to Versailles. The manufacturers have asked permission to resume work, which has been granted. All the Courts in Paris are suspended. The withdrawal of German troops from France is altogether suspended, and some of them are to re-enter Paris. The Sub-Central Committee have appointed an Executive Committeo to take charge of affairs for a month.

From the papers of the 1st we learn that the Sub-Central Committee of Paris has remitted its powers to the Communal Council. A decree has been issued abolishing the conscription, and ordering all able-bodied men into the National Guards. Rents incurred during the siege are remitted, and pawn articles are not to be sold. The Thiers Government is stopping all horses and cattle for Paris. Mails are irregular and slow. Paris grows sad and 160,000 persons have left within ten days. The situation is considered critical, and the awful word "guillotine" is in everybody's mouth. The Germans are expected to occupy Paris if the Thiers Government is overthrown:

From the papers of the 3rd we learn that things are still critical in Paris. The bill for the union of Alsace and Lorraine with the German Empire was received in the Reichstag, on Saturday, and referred to a committee. A motion made that the Polish territories be not included in the Empire was rejected. Prince Bismarck explained the Government policy toward France, and said it was the interest of Germany to facilitate the task of Republican France. The Emperor had decided not to interfere unless German interests were endangered, when effectual action would be taken.

From the papers of the 4th we learn there was a serious engagement on Sunday between the government troops and the Communists. About 2,000 National Guards marched on Courbevoie, and were met by the *gens d'armes* and Gardes Forestieurs. A captain of the latter galloped up, waving his cap, intending to address the Communists, when a zouave of that body shot him dead. A general action followed.

A young lady in Fond du Lac owes her life to a stolen kiss. If the man who prepetrated the theft had not pulled her head foward just as he did, a beam, which fell from the upper floor, would have dashed her brains out.

James Wilson, the murderer of Warden Willard, of the Connecticut State prison, starved himself for five days of last week. On Saturday the prison physician injected beef tea into his stomach, and repeated the operation on Sunday. This had such an effect on Wilson that he gave up his attempt at self starvation, and is now taking food regularly.

$1,000 Reward will be paid by the proprietor of Dr. Pierce's Alt. Ext. or Golden Medical Discovery for a medicine that will equal it in curing all the diseases for which it is recommended. In the cure of severe and lingeriag Coughs, Bronchitis and diseases of the lungs it is without an equal. Sold by all druggists.

Representatives of nine Yearly meetings of Friends have forwarded to the Indian Commissioners an earnest protest against openingthe Indian Territory to white settlers. They say: "If the pledge of sufficient territory is to be disregarded and the flood-gates of iniquity are to be opened upon them, it will be worse than useless to expect success in the great object of our endeavors. On the other hand, we have indubitable evidence that the faithful execution of our obligations will result in elevating them into useful and law-abiding citizens."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW LINE.—

FROM BALTIMORE TO ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

The New Steam Ship "North Carolina" will take Freight from Baltimore to Elizabeth City, N. C., every other week commencing in Baltimore on Saturday April 8th 1871.

M. A. MITCHELL, Agent,
in Baltimore, cor. of Fredric & Pratt Sts.
April 6, 1871.-tf.

THE OLD MILL REPAIRED—

The subscribers having purchased the Mill lately owned by Griffin & White, at the Long Bridge, E. City, announce to the public that we have thoroughly repaired the machinery of said mill and are prepared to do all kinds of work in our line. We understand this Mill has had a good reputation for grinding wheat. With our experience in milling we hope to be able to merit and obtain a full share of patronage.

P. S. Cash paid for grain. Wood bought and sold.

D. SPENCER & CO.
ELIZABETH CITY, April 6, 1871.-3m.

CHESTER WHITES FOR SALE.—

The subscriber has a few full blooded Chester Whites for sale, for stock. Also a lot of half breeds. Apply immediately to

WM. UNDERWOOD.
ELIZABETH CITY, April 6, 1871.-4t.

PRICE LIST OF BRICK.

AT

E. B. BROWER'S KILN,

AT ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Run of the Kiln, in large quantities, $8.50 per thousand; small quantities—less than ten thousand—$9 per thousand.
All hard $12 per thonsand. 41-4t.

SOUTHERN CLAIMS

AGAINST

THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

Loyal citizens of North Carolina and other Southern States, will be pleased to learn that Congress at the last session passed a law for a commission to be appointed to examine and report on all claims that may be presented to them for Quartermaster and Commissary stores furnished the Federal Army during the late war.

The undersigned are prepared to furnish blanks, and give all information to those having claims—and to prosecutel the same to final settlement. Having received the endorsement for ability, &c., from the Hon. Senators Messrs. Pool and Abbott and the Representatives from North Carolina—we bleieve that we can give satisfaction to all who entrust their claims to us.

McLELLAND & BENEDICT,
Attorneys and solicitors of Claims and Patents
405 North Street Washington, D. C.
41-tf.

NOTICE.

Having been appointed Standard Keeper for Pasquotank County, all persons in said county using Scales, Ballances, Stillyards, Yard Sticks, and Weights and Measures, will within 30 days from the date of this notice bring to my place of business, all their dry measures from a half bushel to a quart—wet measures from one gallon to a gill—weights from 50 lbs., to ½ oz., for *Examination and Adjustment*.

Penalty for failure to come forward for purpose advertised $50 fine.

A. L. JONES,
Standard Keeper for Pasquotank County.
April 6, 1871-3t.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That on the 25th day of March 1871, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Albemarle District of North Carolina, against the estate of Charles E. Knight, of Hertford county, and State of N. Carolina, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at Elizabeth City, N. C., before T W Costen, Esq, Register in Bankruptcy, on the 21st day of April A. D. 1871, at 10 o'clock A. M.

S. T. CARROW, *U. S. Marshal*
Jos. Z. PRATT, *Deputy, U. S. M. as Messenger.*
41—3t.

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of Henry J. Lane of the county of Pasquotank, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of the United States for the Albemarle District of North Carolina.

M. B CULPEPPER, Assignee.
41-3t. Elizabeth City, N. C.

PERSONAL.—

NOAH WALKER & CO.

THE

Celebrated Clothiers of Baltimore, Md.

Announce the introduction of a plan of ordering

CLOTHING AND UNDERWEAR BY LETTER,

to which they call your special attention.

They will send on application their improved and accurate

RULES FOR SELF-MEASUREMENT,

and a full line of samples from their immense stock of *cloths, cassimeres, coatings, shirtings,* &c., &c., thus enabling parties in any part of the country to order their Clothing and Shirts direct from them, with the certainty of receiving garments of

The Very Latest Style
And Most Perfect Fit
attainable.

Goods ordered will be sent by Express to any part of the country.

As is well known throughout the Southern States they have for *Forty-three years*

Excelled

in all departments of their business, which is a substantial guarantee as to the character of the Goods they will send out.

A large and well-assorted stock of

Ready-Made Clothing.

always on hand, together with a full line of

Furnisning Goods

including all the latest Novelties in Design, and

At Popular Prices.

When Goods are sent per Express C. O. D., there will be no collection charge on amounts of $20 and over.

Rules for Self-Measurement, Samples of Goods and Price List sent *free* on application.

The attention of the Trade is invited to our *Wholesale Department*, whice is always kept up to the highest standard.

NOAH WALKER & CO.

Manufacturers and Dealers in Men's and Boys' Clothing and Furnishing Goods, either ready-made or made to order.
165 and 167 Baltimore Street.
April 6, 1871.-1yr. Baltimore, Md.
G. & H.

FOR SALE.

Two houses and lots on Green's lane in Elizabeth City, formerly belonging to Jno. Heath, dec'd. The lots are each 40 by 117 feet; each has upon it a comfortable dwelling with 4 rooms below and 2 above, all finished, also a kitchen and smokehouse.

An opportunity is here offered to persons who desire to purchase comfortable homesteads, to do so upon the most reasonable terms.

Apply to
FRANK VAUGHAN.
March 23rd, 1871. Atty.

PERMANENT
DAILY LINE.

DISMAL SWAMP STEAM TRANS., CO.

Norfolk and Elizabeth City, U. S. Mail Line.

The Company will after this date run a permanently Daily Boat between Norfolk, Va. and Elizabeth City, N. C. Leaving the Company's Wharf at E. City every morning—(Sunday Excepted,) at 6 o'clock, A. M. Leaving Hardy & Sons Wharf, Norfolk, every morning immediately after the arrival of Baltimore Boats. Stopping at Portsmouth.

Freight for intermediate landings must be prepaid.

For further information, apply at the office of Company, Hardy's Wharf, (formerly Willis) Norfolk, Va., or at Company Wharf, E. City, N. C.

Steamer, Thos. Jefferson, Conklin, Com.
" Elizabeth City, Murden, "
" Geo. Washington, Langley "
W. A. HARNEY, Agent.
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., March 9th, 1871.

AT PRIVATE SALE.

Two quite valuable lots in Elizabeth City are offered at private sale. The one is known as the "Laverty lot," and is located on North Road Street, right in the town. It contains six acres. Admirably adapted for building lots. Price $2000, one 4th cash; $500 on July 1, 1871, and balance on July 1, 1872.

The other lot is on Road Street, near the Post office, known as the "Tannery." It contains two acres, 200 feet front, on which are a comfortable dwelling house and three stores. The rent pays 25 per cent on the price asked for the property. Price $3000.

For particulars inquire at the NORTH CAROLINIAN office.
37-tf.

STEREOSCOPES,

VIEWS,

ALBUMS,

CHROMOS

FRAMES,

—:o:—

E. & H. T. ANTHONY, & CO.,

591 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,

Invite the attention of the Trade to their extensive assortment of the above goods, of their own publication, manufacture and importation.

Also

PHOTO LANTERN SLIDES

and

GRAPHOSCOPES.

NEW VIEWS OF YOSEMITE.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY, & CO.,
591 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,
Opposite Metropolitan Hotel.

IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF

PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS.

1871. SPRING TRADE. 1871.

CROQUET.

Complete sets from $3 to $20 per set.

BASE BALLS.

All the different kinds at reduced prices.

FISHING TACKLE.

Of every discription.

TRAVELING BAGS

For ladies and gentlemen.

Foreign Fancy Goods.

Guns and Pistols of All Kinds and Prices.

Ammunition,

Sportsmen's Goods.

Goods shipped to any part of the country per express. The same careful attention given to orders by mail as to personal purchases. Prices for our goods based on gold at par.

POULTNEY,

NORTH CAROLINIAN.

THURSDAY, APRIL 6, 1871.

THIS WEEK'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

We call attention to the following new advertisements in this issue

E. B. Brower's Price List of Brick,
D. Spencer & Co.'s Mill repaired,
Dr. Underwood, Chester Whites for Sale.
New Steam Ship Line,
Noah Walker & Co., Clothiers of Baltimore.
Southern Claims against U. S. Government.
A. L. Jones Standard Keeper.
Bankrupt Notice.
Assignees Notice.

Local and Personal.

☞ Sunday next is Easter.

☞ The letter from our Herford correspondent reached us too late for this issue.

☞ B. F. JENNINGS has left a head of wheat at our office. It is the earliest we have seen.

☞ Several articles appear in our Agricultural department this week, which many of our farmers would do well to read.

☞ Hon. C. L. COBB, M. C., will accept our thanks for valuable public documents.

☞ "Violet Grey" must send us her real name and place of residence before we can take her proposition into consideration.

☞ By advertisement in this issue it will be seen that a new line—steam ship by sea—has been opened between Baltimore and this place.

☞ By his announcement in our advertising columns, it will be seen that ARTHUR L. JONES, Esq., has been appointed Standard Keeper for this county.

☞ Those to whom we have sent bills will please settle the same without delay. It is unpleasant to be obliged to ask the second and third time for amounts long due us.

☞ We make public the following infallible remedies for the benefit of those of our readers needing them. For corns, easy shoes; for bile, exercise; for rheumatism, new flannel and patience; for gout, toast and water; for debt, industry and for love, matrimony.

☞ The Griffin & White Mill having been purchased by D. SPENCER & Co. has been thoroughly refitted, and is now ready for grinding. It is one of the best flouring mills in this section. See their advertisement in this issue.

☞ Our Devil says that if you pass a house at ten o'clock at night and see a young man and a young lady standing inside the front door, and hear something smack like a horse pulling his foot out of the mud, then you can just bet all you've got that the young man don't live there.

☞ We are not in the habit—"if this Court understands herself, and she thinks she do"—of discarding "Common Sense" from our columns, but really the communication sent us with that signature is so utterly destitute of the article that we are obliged to do so in this particular instance.

☞ We are satisfied that those of our Northern friends who are postponing immigration here are making a great mistake. Properties of all kinds are gradually advancing, and they will continue to do so. This is a certainty. The turbulence and disorder existing in other sections—hundreds of miles from here—have not and will not extend to this part of the State. Every citizen, be he native or adopted, will find just as much security here for life and property, and just as full enjoyment in all his rights, as in Pennsylvania, New York, or any other State.

☞ A "regular reader" desires to know whether we call every Democrat a Ku-Klux? By no means. There are numerous exceptions—hundreds of honorable men who vote the Democratic ticket and yet who deprecate the Ku-Klux banditti as much as we do. But it has been clearly proven that *every Ku-Klux is a Democrat*. When we speak of the "Ku-Klux Democracy" we wish it distinctly understood that we have reference to that wing of the party, which by the way is a pretty strong one—numbering, as proven before the Investigating Committee of the United States Senate, 40.00 in this State. And it is a serious question with us whether this number does not manage and control the action of the party in North Carolina. If so, and it becomes known, we are sure that every honorable, law abiding man will cease voting that ticket.

☞ Since our last issue we have received two letters, one from the Southern the other from the Western part of the District, both reading us a lecture upon our duties as a political journalist—the one complaining that we are not as radical as we should be, the other that we are "entirely too mild and conciliatory." While we thank our mentors for their free expression of opinion, they will excuse us, as we mention no names, for as freely expressing our own. The one evidently has an axe to grind; the other is casting an avaricious eye on some chestnuts he sees nicely roasting in the fire, and *both* desire to use the NORTH CAROLINIAN to help them to accomplish their purposes. But they have both mistaken their man. While we never hesitate in aiding worthy aspirants in a proper way, and are anxious to advance the Republican party in every fair, legitimate and manly manner, we desire it understood, once for all, that our hands are peculiarly *sensitive*—that we are not disposed to blister them in turning the grind stone, nor burn them in pulling out hot chesnuts for those who have fingers of their own to use for the purpose. We are a Republican, but we are not bitterly partisan. The scurrilous abuse indulged in by some of the politicians on both sides we object to—have no sort of use for. Facts, arguments and obedience to law—indulging in such criticism as these justify—constitute our editorial platform. Here we stand, bidding defiance to demagogues in our party as well as out of it.

☞ The farmers now are very busy.

☞ The apple trees are in blossom.

☞ The Lenten season is drawing to a close.

☞ Lawyer GRANDY'S new house is progressing rapidly.

☞ The Odd Fellows have placed an ornamental lamp in front of their Hall.

☞ A Company is being formed at this place to build a large Steamer to run regularly to Baltimore.

☞ Send us local news from all parts of the County and District. This is too much neglected.

☞ Our Norfolk advertisements reached us too late for this issue. They will all appear in "due and ample form" next week.

☞ The Agents of the "Andes Insurance Company" have hung out a very conspicuous sign. It cannot fail so attract attention.

☞ Among the Northern arrivals since our last are S. S. FOWLER and family, Fowlersville, Pa., and J. L. COOPER and family, from New Haven, Ct.

☞ A cotemporary defines an early spring to be "jumping out of bed at five o'clock in the morning." Our Imp says he has been experiencing the truth of this for some time.

☞ Our friend Col. JOHN S. BURGESS has left two eggs at our office, both laid by the same hen, one weighing *three drachms*, the other *four ounces*. Quite a curiosity.

☞ No new names entered on our subscription books unless the order is accompanied with the cash.

Terms—Two Dollars a year. Remember this.

☞ In reply to "Inquirer," we would state that Commissioner PLEASONTON has written a letter on the subject, concluding as follows:

"You are further advised that persons whose gross income during the year 1870, estimated in United States currency, did not exceed two thousand dollars, are not required to make any income returns, nor need they make any affidavits showing that their gross income did not exceed the sum above named."

Business Locals.

Blanks of all kinds for sale at the NORTH CAROLINIAN office.

Parties wanting a New York Daily paper can be supplied at this office with the *Tribune*, *Sun*, or *Standard*.

A few full-blooded Chester Whites and a lot of half breeds, for sale by Wm. Underwood. See advertisement.

See Price list of Brick at E. B. BROWER'S kiln. Run of the kiln $8.50 per thousand; small quantities $9. All hard $12.

The Perry Davis Pain Killer has a reputation not excelled by any. It has now been thoroughly tested, and it retains its popularity. Its sales are constantly increasing. This fact demonstrates its value.

I was getting gray and didn't like it, NATURE'S HAIR RESTORATIVE restored the color of my hair, cleansed my scalp and pleased me wonderfully. Nothing like it in the market, nor ever was or ever will be. See advertisement.

Mr. G. M. JENNINGS has fitted up a neat Saloon on Road street, east side, a few doors south of Canal Bridge. He keeps the best quality of Lager Beer, Ale, Porter, Crackers, Cheese, &c. He will spare no pains to please all who patronize him.

A gentleman, in reading our Business locals last week, inquired "Who is this JACOBS you talk so much about"? We at once knew he was from Yankee land, or at least was not to the "manor born," for in Eastern Carolina *every body* knows the late proprietor of Nag's Head Hotel. We advised the stranger to go to 35 Market Square, Norfolk, Va., and make Mr. JACOBS' acquaintance.

CHARLESTON, March 31st 1871

In the week closing to-day, since our last report the receipts of Corn amount 15.000 bushels, which with previous heavy receipts have kept up an ample stock in hands of dealers. The demand has continued fair but we can quote no improvement in price: Cargo sales in the last three days at 95@96c. for good white.

R. M. BUTLER & SON,
Grain Factors and General Commission Merchants.

MUSICAL.—"Among the thousand and one Pianos offered to the public, we scarcely know any instrument so fully uniting all the desirable qualities sought for as the Knabe Piano. The reputation of the Knabe Pianos is an infallible guaranty of excellence. In the houses of the most accomplished and wealthy of our citizens, and in our best seminaries and colleges, these magnificent instruments may be found. Nor is this any wonder, for, in purity, depth and constancy of tone, they are unsurpassed. Their gradation of scale is so exquisitely, and, at the same time, comprehensively attuned, that they are capable of expressing every emotion of the human heart and soul. Their tone is exquisitely pure and unique, and so even, sweet and sympathetic that it inspires all who listen to it, while at the same time the action is perfectly free, and the keys resound to the touch with such sensitiveness and intelligence, so to speak, as to make one almost think that *the mind* of the manufacturer lingers in his work.

A German mechanic in Ingolstadt claims to have invented a printing press superior to the best power presses now in use.

On Sunday, at the First Presbyterian Church, Lynchburg, fifty-one new members were admitted to communion.

Mr. Reuben Clements, of Lynchburg, is the only survivor of the war of 1812 living in Virginia.

It is related of a convivially-inclined young man in Montgomery. Ala., that, attending a fair there recently, he approached the lemonade stand. and the young lady presiding said archly to him that she "supposed he would prefer his 'dashed?'" To which, replied he promply, "Yes, Mary, with a little politness, if you please."

THE MARKETS.

Elizabeth City Prices Current.

REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE NORTH CAROLINIAN

Beef Hams—Dried, ₱ lb.	20
" Fresh "	10 @ 15
Bacon...clear side ₱ lb	20
" Ribside	18
" Shoulder	16
" Hams, country	18 @ 20
" " sugar cured	20 @ 22
Butter—Country	25 @ 30
" N.Y. State	45 @ 50
Beeswax—₱ lb	25 @ 30
Beans...white Navy,	2,50
Corn—new, ₱ bu.	60
Cheese—₱ lb	25
Chickens—Spring ₱ pair	40 @ 50
Cotton yarn—₱ block	2,00
" in seed, ₱ lb,	4c @ 4½
" in bale,	10c @ 13
" in bbl,	14c @ 15
Peaches—Dried, ₱ lb	20
Eggs—₱ doz.	15
Flour—Super. ₱ bbl.	6,00 @ 7,00
" Extra	7,00 @ 8,00
" Family	8,50 @ 9,50
Herring ₱ bbl	10,00
Feathers—₱ lb	25 @ 60
Flaxseed—₱ bu	175 @ 185
Hides—Dry ₱ lb	12 @ 14
" Green	5 @ 8
Lard—₱ lb	20 @ 25
Lumber—Heart pine ₱ 1000ft	18,00 @ 22,00
" Cypress "	18,00 @ 20,00
" Sap "	10,00 @ 15,00
" Lath "	3,00
Meal—₱ bu., 60 lbs	1,00
Oats, new—₱ bu.	40 @ 45
Peas—Black ₱ bu	60
Black Eyed Peas	1,25
Pork—Mess	30 @ 35
Potatoes—New ₱ bu.	50
" Sweet ₱ bu.	40 @ 50
Rails—Juniper ₱ 1000	50,00 to 60,00
Shingles—16 inch, heart	2,00 to 2,25
" 12 " "	5,00 to 6,50
" 12 " sap	6,00 @ 8,00
" W. I.	2,00 @ 2,50
Salt—₱ sack, 3 bu.	2,00
Salt—T. I., per bu.	75
Tallow...₱ lb.	10 @ 12
Wool...₱ lb.	20 @ 25
Whiskey...₱ gal.	1,75 to 2,50
Yorpon...₱ bu	25 to 40

New York Market.

Money active at 5@7 per cent Exchange firm at 109½@109¾. Gold 110¼@110¾. Government Securities declined ¼ c.; 5-20s of 1862, 112¼. North Carolina 6s 46½, new 23¾. Cotton quiet and weak; sales of 5,338 bales uplands at 15¾c. Flour—Southern quiet but firm; common to fair extra $6,90@7,50. Whisky steady at 96c. Wheat firmer; winter red and amber Western $1,60@1,66. Cornheavy and lower at 80@82c.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

CANCERS, TUMORS, ULCERS.—Astonishing cures by Prof. Kline, at the Philadelphia Cancer Institute, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. At Branch Offices, by Dr. Dalton, 238 W. Fourth St., Cincinnati, O.; by Dr. Green, Charlotte, N. C.; by Dr. Healy, Stubblefield House, Atlanta, Ga.

WONDERFUL CANCER ANTIDOTES No Knife. No Caustic Medicines. No Blood, Little Pain. For particulars, call on or address either of the above, 31—3m.

BEAR IN MIND.—When disease has undermined the health, and the physical system has become prostrated a stimulant that will not only strengthen, but remove the cause, should be immediately resorted to. Mental distress is also a fruitful source of the breaking down of the constitution, and the ravages of this enemy to health are truly alarming. For all such maladies Hostetter's Stomach Bitters have been found unsurpassed. By acting directly upon the digestive organs, they remove the heavy, disagreeable feeling after eating, so often complained of by persons of a delicate temperament. As soon as digestion is restored, the patient finds his strength increasing, and his general health improved. Thousands of persons certify that it may be relied on in all cases of weakness or nervous debility attendant upon sedentary habits. The generality of Bitters are so disagreeable to the taste that they are objectionable to a weak stomach. This is not the case with Hostetter's Bitters, which will be found mild and extremely pleasant. Balsamic plants, barks and roots contribute their restorative juices to render it soothing and strengthening. Its bals is the only pure stimulant which has ever been produced, containing no *fusil oil*, or any other deleterious element. The most careful and skilful chemists have analyzed the Bitters, and pronounce them harmless. This is scientific testimony; but the testimony of the hundreds of thousands who have experienced the preventive and curative effects of the *great vegetable tonic* and *alterative* of modern times is still more conclusive. In Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Nervous Complaints, Chronic Complaints and general debility, it is as nearly infallible as any thing in this fallible world can be. 41-5t

MARRIAGE GUIDE.—Every one his own Doctor. A private instructor for married persons or those about to be married, both male and female, in everything concerning the physiology and relations of our sexual system, and the production and prevention of offspring, including all the new discoveries never before given in the English language, by Wm. Young, M.D. This is really a valuable and interesting work. It is written in plain language for the general reader, and is illustrated with numerous engravings. All young married people, or those contemplating marriage, and having the least impediment to married life, should read this book. It discloses secrets that every one should be acquainted with; still it is a book that must be locked up and not lie about the house. It will be sent to any address on receipt of 50 cts. Address Dr. Wm. Young, No. 416 Spruce Street above Fourth, Philadelphia. 12—6m.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

SMITH, DIXON & CO.

COMMISSION PAPER WAREHOUSE,

33 S. CHARLES ST, BALTIMORE, MD.

Manufacturers of paper, machine made paper bags, and dealers in all descriptions of Paper, Card board, Twines and Ink. 32-1y

TRAVELERS LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD CONN.

Capital	$500,000,00
Assets	$1500,000,00

Insures on the low cash plan, no bothering with dividends; rates from 20 to 30 per cent. less than those charged by Mutual Companies. Insurance also granted against accidents of all kinds. The principal sum paid in cases of death and a weekly indemnity allowed in case of disability. No Medical Examination required in accident department, and policies written by the Agent.

GEO. D. POOL, E. City, N. C.
Agent Life Dept.
CAPT. W. A. HARNEY, E City, N. C.
Agent Accident Dept.
30—tf.

NOTICE IN DIVORCE,

Chowan County, Superior Court.

Clarinda Holley, Plff. Against Benj. Holley, Deft. } PETITION FOR DIVORCE.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the Defendent above named is a non resident of this State, ordered that publication be made in the *North Carolinian*, a newspaper published in Elizabeth City, notifying him to appear and answer at next term of said Court to be held at the Court House in Edenton on 6th Monday after the 1st Monday in March next, the complaint filed by the Plaintiff, or the Court will proceed to hear the cause on the pleading therein.

Witness, Wm. R. Skinner Clerk of said Court at Edenton 6th Monday after 1st Monday in October 1870.

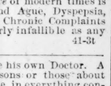
WM. R. SKINNER,
39-6t. Clerk.

NOTICE! NOTICE!! NOTICE!!!

The subscriber gives notice that having found a drift in Albemarle Sound, consisting of three stocks of Pine Timber, he has brought the same to Elizabeth City. If not claimed before the 20th of April, he will sell the timber at public auction.

T. M. WISE.
March 30 187.1-3t.—(Pr fee $2.)

A LECTURE.



TO YOUNG MEN.

Just Published, in a sealed envelope Price six cents. A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility, and Impediment to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world-renounced author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without medicines, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically. This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal, to any address, in a plain sealed envelope, on the receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps. Also Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. Address the Publishers,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York, Post Office Box 586. S. M. P. & CO. 39-6m-

LAND AND LUMBER COMPANY'S COLUMN.

LAND AND LUMBER COMPANY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

Incorporated by the Legislature of North Carolina, December 17, 1868.

CAPITAL STOCK - - - - $300,000,00.

General Office: Elizabeth City, N. C.

OFFICERS

J. M. WEED, President. C. W. SMITH, Treasurer.
C. H. ROBINSON, Secretary.

DIRECTORS

J. M. WEED, WM. UNDERWOOD, CHARLES W. SMITH, N. R. ZIMMERMAN AND G. B. THOMPSON.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE LAND AND LUMBER COMPANY having a large amount of Real Estate of their own to dispose of, and their business having increased to such an extent, they think it prudent to decline acting further as Commission Agents for the sale of lands belonging to others. They will however be glad at all times to furnish every facility to parties coming to Elizabeth City with a desire to look at the country and make purchases if they find it to their interest to do so.

The following list of property, owned by the Company, is offered for sale on the most reasonable terms. Their object now is to acquire a larger monied capital for the purpose of further developing their unimproved lands and carrying out their original design of increasing the Commerce and General Trade of Elizabeth City.

As there are others in the Commission Business, parties are referred to their advertisement for further information.

ELIZABETH CITY.

The following desirable list of Properttes in Elizabeth City are offered at very reduced paices for cash or on time payments at rates which make any of them excellent investments for capitalists. We feel confident that this City is destined to become a large place and property will advance rapidly. Emigration is now tending Southernward and the feeling is in universal favor toward Elizabeth City.

A large two-story dwelling known as the Personage, with fine double Ptazza, front and back, large out kitchen, stables, carriage house, with 17 acres of ground well enclosed. This ground is all within the corporation of the City, and is well situated to lay out in building lots and make out of it ten fold the price asked for it.

A two-story dwelling containing ten rooms, 10,000 gallon cistern and all necessary out-houses, with large lot. Situated on Main Street. A Vacant Lot no better located and not so large as this was sold recently for $1600 cash.

A large brick store house and wharf situate on Water street; in E. City, comprising three lots with 400 lect of water front. permanently wharfed for the accommodation of large vessels. There is erected on these lots a large two-story brick building, 50 by 80 feet, well fitted up for a wholesale or retail trade at present occupied by the "Yankee Store."

A large wood store on west side of Water street 36 by 60, two stories high, being one of the best stands on Water street for merchandizing.

A House and Lot on Riverside Avenue. House 20ft front by 50 ft deep. Containing eight rooms with Pantry and Cellar, all well finished. modern style, and having all necessary out buildings. The lot contains a front of 400 ft, and would be a good location for a large shop or foundry as one whole side fronts on the water.

Also a large number of Wharf Lots, Mill Lots and Vacant Lots at very low prices, some of which are enumerated below. The Wharf Lots are 200ft deep and will be sold to any size desired along the River. Among them are some most eligible situations for Store Houses, Mills and Manufactories of any kind as there is a fine harbor immediately in front of them, having 30ft of water, sufficient for vessels of any capacity. Along Pennsylvania Avenue are offered some of the finest and choicest lots, for dwellings in town at prices varying according to location. This will be the finest street in town, is 80 feet wide, size of Lot 100ft front by 200ft deep. There are now a number of first class residences being erected on this street. Immediately in the vicinity of these Lots the Company have erected a large Planing Mill, Sash, Blind and Door Factory at a cost of near $20,000 and also their Saw Mill at a cost of near $15,000. That *now* is the proper time to invest in those Lots there can be no doubt, as they will double in value in a very short time. Lots not near so good as these, are now selling in other parts of the City at more than double the price asked for these.

VACANT LOTS.

Lots Nos. 150, 155, 158, 161, 163, 165, 167, 170. 172. 175, 178, 180, 182. 185, 187. 190' 193, 195, 198 and 200, situate on Pennsylvania avenue, in the new extension of Elizabeth City, all choice lots, intended for the better class of residences. Size of lots 100 feet front by 200 feet deep. Price varying, according to location, from $100 to $1000.

TOWN LOTS.

Lots Nos. 250, 253, 255, 256, 258, 261, 263, 266, 267, 268, 271, 283, 285. 287, 288, 289, 291, 296, 299 and 300, situated on various Streets in the new extension of Elizabeth City, size of lots 50 feet front by 100 feet deep, at prices varying from $25 to $100.

MILL LOTS.

Four Mill-Lots situated on Knobb's Creek, so that logs can be taken from the creek to the mill. These lots have 200 feet each of water front. and over 600 feet deep to Mill street, and are choice sites. The purchaser will also have the right of storage for logs in the boom.

PASQUOTANK COUNTY.

The Land and Lumber Company also offer for sale, one thousand acres of their timbered land along the Main Road leading from Elizabeth City to Hertford and Edenton, Said land heavily wooded, soil very rich and about four miles from Elizabeth City. This land will be sold in lots to suit purchasers and at the low price of ten dollars per acre.

They also offer a tract of three thousand acres in Lots to suit purchasers, near the Pasquotank River, ten miles from Elizabeth City and three miles from South Mills. This land is heavily set with wood and also has upon it a vast amount of saw timber, and has a most excellent soil. This is a fine location for a small Colony. There is now a Public Road running directly through it. This tract is offered at the low price of eight dollars per acre if sold to one party, or at only a fraction more if divided into small lots.

The Company will also sell their farm of 250 acres two miles from Elizabeth City. 125 acres cleared and under good cultivation, well fenced, having upon it two dwelling houses, one new and the necessary out buildings wanted on a farm, and will be sold on very reasonable terms.

Also another farm one mile from Elizabeth City containing one hundred acres, between thirty and forty acres cleared and under cultivation, the balance is now being cut off and is nearly ready to be cleared up and cultiuated. This property is very desirable being so near the City though for reasons first given will be sold at a very low price.

We have a finely timbered tract of land situated on the Albemarle Sound twenty miles from Elizabeth City, containing 124 acres. Good timber land bordering on the water is valuable both for wood as well as saw timber as water transportation affords a good margin for wood, say one dollar per cord. This will also make good farm land—will be sold for one thousand dollars.

Also one other tract of land containing 154 acres situated immediately on the Pasquotank River ten miles from Elizabeth City, valuable for wood, and is excellent farming lands, would be sold for six dollars per acre.

GATES COUNTY.

The Land & Lumber Company have a tract of 350 acres of timbered land one half mile from Chowan River and three miles from Winton the county seat of Hertford county. This body of land is well timbered and will be sold at the low price of three dollars per acre.

☞ The most direct and cheapest route is to go to Baltimore by N. C. R. R., then Bay Line steamer to Norfolk, Va., then steamer to Elizabeth City, N. C.
March 9th 1871.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW MEAT MARKET.

The subscriber has opened a Meat Market on Road Street, two doors North of the Post office in Elizabeth City. A supply of Fresh Meats of all kinds constantly on hand. Market open at all hours day and evening.

☞ Delivery Wagon will visit all parts of the town every morning.

L. G. PARSONS.
Dec. 1.—1870–23-1y.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR.

Having qualified as Public Administrator of Pasquotank county, I will give ample time and attention to the settlement of all estates that may come into my hands.

A late act of the Legislature has made material changes in regard to this subject, which it would be well for those interested to look into.

W. G. POOL,
Public Administrator.
ELIZABETH CITY, July 1st, 1869–tf.

DAUCHEY'S COLUMN.

JURUBEBA

AGENTS WANTED FOR "WONDERS," OF THE WORLD."

Over one thousand illustrations. The largest best selling, and most attractive subscription book ever published. One agent in Denver, Colorado, sold 100 copies in 4 days. One agent in Milwaukie sold 30 copies in ½ day, and a large number from 20 to 30 copies per day. Send for Circulars, with terms at once. Address U. S. PUBLISHING CO., NEW YORK, Cincinnati, Ohio and St. Louis, Mo. 4–w.

LIFE AND CAMPAIGNS OF

GEN. R. E. LEE

The only Authorized and Official Biography of the GCEAT CHIEFTHIN.

Its popularity and great value are attested by the sale of 30,000 copies already,

CAUTION, old and Inferior Lives of Gen. Lee are being circulated.—See that the books you buy are endorsed by all the leading Generals and prominent men of the south, and that each copy is accompanied by a superb lithographic portrait of Gen. Lee, on a sheet 19 by 24 inches, suitable for framing; a copy of which we have instructed our Agents to present to every subscriber for this work.

AGENTS WANTED.—Send for Circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work. Address, NATIONAL PUBDISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa., Atlanta, Ga., Cincinnati, Ohio or St. Louis, Mo. 4w.

SHARPS' SPORTING RIFLES.

We are now prepared to fill orders for our New Metalic Cartridge Sporting Rifles, of various lengths and calibre. For accuracy and safety we recommend our Breech Loading rifles, as superior in every respect to any others now made. For Circulars giving full description and prices, apply to SHARP'S RIFLE MFG., CO., Hartford, Conn. 4w.

GENERAL AGENTS WANTED.

For Groesbeck's Calculating machine, rapid, accurate, reliable, simple, easily operated cheap and beautiful.

Giving instantaneous additions or subtractions, taking from one to five columns of figures at a time, carrying and borrowing its own tens, hundreds, etc., without the least thought on the part of the operator. Address

ZIEGLER & McCURDY, Philadelphia, Pa. 34–4w.

$5 TO $20 A DAY.

Do you want a situation as salesman at or near home, to sell our new 7 strand White Wire Clothes Lines to last for ever. Don't miss this chance. Sample free. Address Hudson River Wire Mills, 75 W'm St. or Dearborn St. Chicago. 4w,

DEAFNESS, CATARRH, SOROFULA.

A lady who had suffered for years from Deafness, Catarrh and Scrofula, was cured by a simple remedy. Her sympathy and gratitude prompts her to send the receipts free of charge to any one similarly afflicted. Address Mrs. M. C. LEGGETT, Jersey City, N. Y. 4w.

A MAN OF A THOUSAND.

A CONSUMPTIVE CURED.

Where death was hourly expected from Consumption and Asthma, all remedies having failed, accident led to a discovery whereby Dr. H. James cured his only child. He now gives this recipe free on receipt of two stamps to pay expenses. Address CRADDOCK & CO., 1,032 Race street. Philadelphia, Pa., giving name of paper. 4w.

AGENTS MALE AND FEMALE.

For fast selling popular subscription Books. Extra Inducements to Agents. Information free, Address Am. Book Co., 62 William St., N. Y. 4w.

$10 MADE FROM 50 CENTS.

Something urgently needed by everybody. Call and see, for 12 samples sent (postage paid) for 50 cts. that retail easily for $10. R. L. Wolcott, 181 Chatham Sq., N. Y. 3w

EVANS' GIFT ENTERPRISE.

We continue to send a valuable gift with every book bought of us. Thousands will testify to our fairness. Give us a trial. Write for a catalogue. Sent free. Agents Wanted. Address D. M. EVANS & CO., 721 Market Street, Philadelphia, Pa. 4w.

8 O'CLOCK. 34–4w.

SALESMEN WANTED.

Business honorable. No competition, liberal pay given. S. W. KENNEDY, 8 S' 4th St. Phila. 30–4w.

THIS IS NO HUMBUG!

By sending 35 cents with age, height, colos of eyes and hair, you will receive, by return mail, a correct picture of your future husband or wife, with name and date of marriage. Address W. FOX, P. O. Drawer No. 24, Fultonville, N. Y. 30–4w.

GEN. LEE.

His Life and Times is now ready for Agents, in one splendid volume of 850 pages and 30 Steel Portraits. By a distinguished Southern Author. Contains facts of interest never before published. Sent on receipt of Price $3.75. Also John Esten Cooke's Work, Personal Portraits ocenrs and Advenfures of the War, $3.00. E. B. TREAT & CO., Pub's 654 Broad'y, N. Y. 34–4w.

REDUCTION OF PRICES

To conform to reduction of duties. Great saving to consumers by getting up clubs.

☞ Send for our New Price List and a Club form will accompany it, containing full directions—making a large saving to consumers and remunerative to club organizers. The Great American Tea Co.

31 & 33 Vesey Street,
P. O. Box 5643 30—4w. New York.

THEA-NECTAR

IS A PURE *BLACK TEA*

with the Green Tea Flavor. Warranted to suit all tastes. For sale everywhere. And for sale wholesale only by the Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co., 8 Church St. New York. P. O. Box 5506. Send for Thea-Nectar Circular. 30—4w.

WANTED—Agents ($20 per day) to sell the celebrated HOME SHUTTLE MACHINE. Has the *under-feed*, makes the *"lock stitch"* (alike on both sides,) and is *fully licensed*. The best and cheapest family Sewing Machine in the market. Address, JOHNSON CLARK & Co., Boston, Mass., Pittsburg, Pa., Chicago, Ill., or St. Louis Mo. 28–3m.

THE MAGIC COMB.

will change any colored hair or beard to a permanent black or brown. It contains *no poiso* Any one can use it. One sent by mail for $ Address MAGIC COMB CO., Springfield, Mas 34–4w.

AGENTS WANTED.

($225 a month)—by the AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE CO., BOSTON, MASS, or T. LOUIS, MO. 34–4w.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE YANKEE STORE

is now receiving and opening the

LARGEST AND BEST-ASSORTED

STOCK OF GOODS

ever opened in this City.

Our purchases having been made from Manufacturers and Importers, we

DEFY COMPETITION!

We call especial attention to our elegant assortment of

DRESS GOODS

in every variety;

LADIES' CLOKINGS,
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
FLANNELS, AND

every variety of

DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,

at prices to suit the times.

Ladies' and Children's

SHOES AND GAITERS

in endless variety.

Come and examine them. Also, Men's and Boys'

BOOTS AND SHOES

of every kind and price.

HATS AND CAPS

in every variety and style.

We are retailing our large stock of choice

GROCERIES,

at wholesale prices.

We also have on hand a large lot of Brussels, 3-ply, Ingrain and Hemp

CARPETS,

at prices to suit purchasers.

STOVES, TIN AND SHEET-IRON WORK DONE PROMPTLY.

Also, a large assortment of

QUEENSWARE,
HARDWARE, WOOD
AND WILLOW WARE, &c.

In fact every thing you want can be found at the YANKEE STORE. Come and see.

LAND AND LUMBER CO. OF N. C.
Elizabeth City, Nov. 17, 1870.

JUST received at Dr. J. N. Butt's Drug Store. A large stock of Buist's Garden Seed. Also Broom Corn Seed. If you want the most reliable Seed in the market call.

DR. J. N. Butt has continually on hand the very Best non-explosive Kerosene. Be sure to give him a call if you want that article.

GO to Dr. J. N. Butt's Drug Store to get the best Cigars and Tobacco both Chewing and Smoking.

WINDOW Glass, Window Glass, Dr. J. N. Butt keeps a large lot. Any size cut to order, and any shape Square or Round at a moments notice.

RECENTLY received at Dr. J. N. Butt's and now on hand over 100 gallons of the best Lindseed Oil. Also a very large lot of the best White Lead and Zinc.

DR. J. N. Butt keeps the largest variety of Drugs, Paint and Patent Medicines to be found in the town. Stock renewed every few days.

IF you want Pure Drugs and Cheap Medicines buy of Dr. J. N. Butt.

I HAVE BUT RECENTLY RETURNED from the North, having purchased my Fall and Winter stock of

☞ DRUGS ☜

which is now more varied and complete than I have ever offered for sale in this market.

I have also an extensive assortment of

DRY GOODS,
BOOTS,
SHOES
HATS,

NOTIONS &c. &c.

All of which I offer for sale at the Drug Stand, and to which your atention is invited. Wishing to onlarge my business, I intended to build a store adjoining the Drug Store in which to put the general merchandise, but my ill health during the summer kept me frum doing so.

I thank my friends for their very liberal patronage in the Drug business, not only for the few past months, but for the *many years* I have had their patronage, and do assure them that I expect to keep a first-class Drug store in the future as in the past. That in mixing the stock as I have it is with no intention of giving up the drug business, which I anticipate engaging in *as long as I live*. I have ample room in my store, by using part of the space above, to carry on both branches of business, with my large ware house rooms &c. At an early day I propose to remove the Dry Goods &c., into an adjoining store, and to resume the speciality of Drugs at the drug *stand*.

JAS. N. BUTT.
Oct., 27, 1870.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

The Grand Battle of 1871 has been fought.

The Old year has passed away, and much that exhibited when it began is not now. Many who we invited to read our notice when we first placed our *business* before the *public* will see this. But yet there are many whose interest demand that they should read that they may be *informed*, and we would say to such, that we still continue to keep a *large* and well selected stock of all articles that can be found in a *well regulated Drug Store* as we unhesitatingly say we keep, we think many who have favored us with their patronage can testify. And a visit from you kind reader, will, we feel confident, convince you also. Our Stock at all times will be found equal to the demand, and we do not intend to begin the New Year with less disposition to please all, than we had when the Old Year passed away. We invite all to read this notice and each reader to call and see us. At the new Drug Store you will find Almanac's and Garden Seed Circulars for 1871, which we will take pleasure in giving to all free without price.

Don't fail to call at

DR. WM. GRUMBEIN & CO'S
Drug Store.
Corner Main & Road Streets, E. City, N. C.

NOTICE TO OUR PATRONS AND

THE PUBLIC GENERALLY.

We take pleasure in stating that our success in business thus far, has greatly exceeded our most sanguine expectations, and the public having been so liberal in their patronage to us, we cheerfully return to them our *thanks*, and we hope that our future conduct will be such as to merit a continuation of their confidence and patronage. We still keep a large and well assorted stock of goods in our line, and we think that our stock of

PATENT MEDICINES,

Paints, Oils and Glass, cannot be surpassed in this *City*, and we intend that our stock shall be sufficient to supply all demands.

WE ORDER GOODS EVERY WEEK,

and parties wishing articles not on hand can have them by leaving their orders with us, and it will give us pleasure to accommodate them.

The especial attention of *Farm and Cattle raisers* is called to our

FARMS HORSE AND CATTLE POWDER

we manufacture it ourselves and will guarantee its quality, it is valuable for curing all diseases of which stock is subject. Call and get some and give it a trial, and we feel confident you will be pleased with the result. Sold in quantities to suit all who may be in need. We will be pleased to have you

CALL AND SEE US.

DR. WM. GRUMBEIN & CO.
Corner of Main and Road Sts.
1y. Elizabeth City, N.

THE OLD MERCHANT AT HOME

GREAT ATTRACTION ON WATER STREET,

CAUSED BY THE OPENING OF A

NEW LOT OF FALL AND WINTER

GOODS JUST RECEIVED FOR

☞ S. WEISEL. ☜

I take great pleasure of informing the ladies and gentlemen generally that I have returned from the North with a large and well selected stock of Fall and Winter goods of the latest styles. Consisting in part of

GRANITE POPLIN,
LONDON SATINES,
FRENCH MERINO'S
SILK BRILLIANTE,
DE LEANS,
SICILLIAN LUSTER,
MOTTLED POPLIN,
MILHOUSE COBOURGS,
VELVETEENS,
ROYAL STANDARD ALAPACCO'S,

Skeleton and glove fitting Corsets, Plain and checked, all wool, Flannels, Tucked Shirting, Ladies Vest, Hosiery and Gloves, Pocket Cuttlery of the finest English make, Soaps, Perfumery's and Notions of all kinds, also, a supply of the very best Cloths, Cassemeres, Doeskins, Boots, Shoes, Hats, also, a very fine selection of clothing for Gents and Boys.

All of which I will sell at the lowest market price.

A CALL IS SOLICITED.

Elizabeth City, N. C., Oct., 13, 1870.

AGRICULTURAL, HORTICULTURAL AND DOMESTIC MATTERS.

"Six Acres Enough."

Most of our readers have within the last few years been captivated by treatises on "Five acres enough," "Ten acres enough," "Twenty acres Enough," and so forth, which have reminded us of the anecdote told of Mr. Randolph, when his manager handed him the tally-stick representing his crop of corn. "Well John, I see the tally, but where is the corn?"

We commenced the journey of life with a friend and relative, whose prospects were by no means bright, but he had a will and a head. He bought a tract of waste land of several hundred acres, originally good, but which had been so run down by successive crops of tobacco, and general improvident culture, that the price paid for it, $2,25 per acre, was thought to be its full value. He built a log cabin, married, settled down and went to work. As far as his means allowed he carried on a course of improvement by the use of lime, guano and other fertilizers, together with the careful accumulation of manure. From year to year his crops increased; and in proportion to the increase of his resources he enlarged the area of cultivation until in process of time the whole farm was brought into a high state of fertility; and from a very small beginning he became a prosperous man. In the meantime a numerous family of sons grew up at his feet who inherited their father's qualities; and as they became of age, one by one, he settled them on portions of the original farm—five sons and a son-in-law—until at length he parcelled out of the whole tract, reserving for his own portion only the homestead with six acres. Surrounded by every comfort, the evening of his days is passing away in the tranquility resulting from a useful life. He has kindly furnished us with a statement of his operations last year, which, with a few accompanying remarks, is as follows:

"My crops this year, considering the condition of the land and the season, have been satisfactory.

2 acres corn, (on sod)	140 bush, at 80c.,		$112 00
1½ " "	(corn stubble) 81 "	"—.,	64 80
1 " "	potatoes, 143 "	" 1 00,	143 00
½ " "	Norway oats, 30 "	" 1 50	45 00
1 " "	Prince Edward Island, straw fallen,	30 a 50c	15 00
½ Sugar beets and cabbages, not estimated.			
			$379 80

"Not having stable manure enough to supply sufficient vegetable matter to the soil for constant cropping, my plan is now to sow half of the 'farm,' say 3 acres, in wheat every year with grass seed, and as late the next spring as will do, plant in corn, potatoes, &c., and so alternate. This process, I have recently heard, has been adopted by a farmer in New Jersey to great advantage, both in the crops and the improvement of the land."—*Rural Messenger.*

Roots for Stock.

Perhaps in the course of time farmers will begin to compare notes between raising small grain and grass. I think if more attention was paid to the latter, it would pay better than the smaller grain. I think it can be conclusively shown that if half the amount of labor was devoted to meadows and pastures, which is at present devoted to the culture of wheat and oats, there would be a greater margin of profit at the year's end for the farmer, and with more ease. But this supposes a certain amount of capital, which I think is not very general; therefore men are compelled to act as circumstances suggest. When Illinois has fewer acres of small grain, and more acres of good grass and roots with corn, her position among the States will be one of greatness in wealth and social influence. Roots are invaluable, combined with hay and corn; only those who have tried the practice can fully appreciate their importance as a promoter of healthy growth and fat-forming principles. I am aware some object to them on account of their watery nature. Their virtues lie in this. What more healthy to the animal system than pure water, and where so pure as in the vegetable, distilled and filtered by an unerring principle? Three-fourths of the animal system is composed of water; then how necessary to have a proper supply in its purity! To all who are skeptical about the utility of roots, I would say, try them—that is the only touch-stone of comparison. You shall give hogs, say mangels, boiled or steamed, along with a little corn meal, and those hogs will thrive and grow more rapidly than when fed on corn exclusively. Physiologists say man can live too much or too long, on a concentrated diet, which is equally as prejudicial to his health as the reserve. This is as applicable to the lower animals as to man; the same immutable laws govern each. I think necessity will compel their (the roots) adoption. When that occurs, I venture to predict, there will be fuller pockets and less whining.—*Cor. of Country Gentleman.*

CURE FOR STYE.—Put a teaspoonful of soda in a small bag, pour on it just enough boiling water to moisten it, then put it on the eye pretty warm, keep it on all night, and in the morning the stye will most likely be gone; if not, a second application is sure to remove it.

HOW TO CURE WASP STINGS.—Potash water is the quickest cure for wasp stings. A small quantity should be kept in a glass-stopper bottle. Open the sting with a needle, and put on one drop of the potash water.

REMEDY FOR BITES AND STINGS.—Bites or stings by any poisonous animal or insect, may be instantly relieved by the immediate and free application of spirits of hartshorn as a wash to the part bitten.

TO CURE A FELON.—One tablespoonful of honey, one tablespoonful of powdered alum, one tablespoonful of flour. Moisten with good vinegar and poultice twice a day.

TO KEEP KNIVES FROM RUSTING.—An excellent way to keep knives from rusting is to scour them on a board, crosswise, with some dry brick, after having wiped them perfectly dry, and put them away without wiping off the brick dust.

HOW TO CLEAN OIL CLOTHS.—If you wish to have them look new and nice, wash them with soft flannel and lukewarm water, and perfectly dry. If you want them to look extra nice, after they are wiped drop a few spoonsful of milk over them and rub them with a dry cloth.

TO BLEACH WHITE SILKS OR FLANNEL.—Wash the articles clean, rinse in suds, and smoke with brimstone while wet; the silk must be brushed or washed with a sponge; if rubbed, it will never press smoothly; expose the goods to the air, and the odor will soon pass off.

The American House, in Lebanon, Pa., was built in 1771, just 100 years ago. On one of the stones is an inscription in German, which, translated, reads: "God bless this house, and every person that goes in and out.

A Cincinnati poet calls the lips of the girls of that burg "glowing gateways of pork and potatoes."

DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE.

OF VALUABLE

NORTH CAROLINA LANDS,

FOR SALE BY

GEORGE D. POOL.

Real Estate Agent,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

In presenting my list of lands and other properties for sale, I would say that no section of the United States offers such inducements for capitalists and emigrants, as this section of North Carolina. In longevity and healthfulness, it will compare favorably with any where; and in easy and cheap transportation of products to market, in pleasantness of climate, in the sociability of the people, in great fertility, and durability of soil, no section can equal it.

A railroad will soon be built to Weldon, putting this place in direct communication by Rail, with the whole United States. This, together with our great fishing, farming and manufacturing interests, and certain early completion of already projected works of improvement for putting in nearer, cheaper and easier communication with the Ocean, will render this one of the most important commercial, and manufacturing points on the Southern country.

A Steam Saw and Grist Mill in the town of Nixonton 8 miles from E. City. This Mill has a fine wharf and store attached on deep navigable water, the engine is 40 horse power, and all in good order. It is one of the finest locations to be found any where for custom work, and for getting good saw logs easily and cheaply. Price $4,000 cash.

Adjoining the mill property is 40 acres of fine land on the River, with three houses, all for $1200. Near the same is a good two story dwelling and 13 acres of land for $2.000, and a good one story dwelling, with one acre of land for $300.

Also two fine farms in Pasquotauk county, 10 miles from E. City, within half mile of church, school house and post office. One tract contains about 400 acres, with fair buildings and mostly cleared, and the other contains 300 acres, with good two story dwelling, large barn, and other outhouses, both are offered at $20 per acre, one third cash, balance in one and two years.

Also one other tract in Pasquotank county, containing 116 acres, within one mile of the town with fine buildings, mostly cleared and in cultivation. Price $25 per acre, one half cash, balance in 12 months.

A valuable site for a hotel at Nag's Head, 40 miles from Elizabeth City, and 50 miles from Edenton. This is situated immediately on the Ocean, and is a famous Summer resort for invalids, and those seeking health, comfort, and amusements during the summer months. It is in direct communication by steamboats and railroad with all parts of North Carolina, Virginia, and the North; and is equal in natural advantages to Newport, or Cape May. Visitors flock to this famous summer resort by hundreds and thousands, and a large amount of money can be made by a hotel. A charter has been obtained from the Legislature of N. C., for a joint stock company to build the hotel. There is now an old hotel on the spot, which could be cheaply repaired and bought for $3.000. This hotel, though imperfectly kept, cleared the proprietor last season, over $3.000. For a man or a company, having some capital, this is one of the finest chances to make money at hotel keeping to be found anywhere. The early attention of the public is invited to this property.

A fine steam saw and grist mill at Hertford, the county seat of Perquimans County, N. C., 18 miles from Elizabeth City. This mill has a fifty horse power engine now in good running, two pairs of best French burr stones, and two upright saws. The house has a brick basement, and the building is large and in good order. There is one and a half acres of land belonging to this property, and a good two story dwelling, and other out-houses. The section of country adjacent abounds in the finest yellow pine, cypress, ash, poplar, and other valuable timber. This property originally cost $15,000, and is now offered at forced sale for the low price of $3.500, $7,00, cash, and the balance in six equal instalments, six months apart each with interest.

A fine farm and fishery in same county. The farm contains 400 acres of the finest land, lies immediately on Albemarle Sound where the water is 12 miles wide, and 18 to 20 feet deep, has got buildings, and fine neighborhood. The fishery is on the farm and goes with it. It has a new seine 2,500 yards long, and all the necessary boats, buildings, &c., (which cost over $15,000 two years ago.) The fishery alone, of a good season, will make from 5 to $10,000 profit to the owner. This property is offered at forced sale for the low price of $20,000, $7,000 cash, balance on easy times.

A store at South Mills, in Camden county, 20 miles from E. City, and 20 miles from Norfolk, lying on the canal where steamers pass daily. A fine chance for merchandize. Store is large with dwelling above containing six rooms, is in first rate order, has office, kitchen, dairy, and other necessary outhouses. Goods to the amt. of $50,000 per annum can be sold here, and at large profits. A splended stand for a country retail store. Price $2,500—one third cash, balance in one and two years.

A valuable tract of land in Camden county, at South Mills, on the Dismal Swamp Canal, lying on the canal for two miles, containing over 900 acres of land—two-thirds cleared, and in a fine state of cultivation, with good buildings, &c.; balance in valuable timber. Price $12,000, one-third cash, balance in one and two years, interest from January, 1871. This is a valuable farm for corn, wheat, and vegetables, and being midway between Elizabeth City and Norfolk, and located where steamers pass by the door daily, is a desirable and cheap property.

A fine farm of 600 acres within six miles of E. City, one mile from navigable water, and the best cotton farm in the State. It is also well adapted to raising corn and wheat. This farm has a splended two-story dwelling upon it, large barn, 40 by 60 feet, a large number of outhouses, by splended trees and shrubbery, is in a strong Union neighborhood, and altogether the most desirable place in the county. A little over one-half of this land is cleared, and the balance is covered with the finest yellow pine, poplar, ash and other timber. Price $30 per acre—one-third cash, balance in one and two years with interest. Title reserved.

A valuable small farm ¼ of a mile from E. City, containing about 47 acres all cleared but about 6 acres, and in a good state of improvement. Lies high, well drained, medium buildings, a good well of water. A very desirable property. Price $50 per acre in payments. Possession given Jan'y. 1st 1871.

Sixteen houses and lots in Elizabeth City, with good dwellings, out-houses, &c. Prices and terms reasonable.

A valuable farm in Perquimans county, N. C. near navigable water. Has a fine dwelling-house with ten rooms, in splended order, with splended barns and stables—all in first rate order. The farm is very productive in corn, oats, wheat, cotton and clover. It is one of the finest farms in the State and is now in good cultivation, contains 585 acres of land, about three-fourths cleared and under cultivation. Price $10,000, one-third cash January 1, next balance in two equal annual instalments with interest at the rate of six per cent.

A farm of 370 acres 8 miles from town by water, and 12 miles by land, is offered for sale for $10,000 in easy payments. This tract of land lies immediately on the River which is 4 miles wide and washes the farm its whole length on one side, and a branch of the River one mile wide, binds it on one end. The land is well adapted to raising corn, wheat, cotton, oats, peas, &c., lies high and dry, and is susceptible of the highest improvement. Fronting and looking over, as it does, two large sheets of navigable water, where steamers and sailing vessels are constantly passing, carrying freight and passengers to all parts of the country, its location and surroundings, are of the most fascinating and desirable character. There is a fishery on it ready for working a seine 2,500 yards long, and which commands a portion of both streams of water, and can be made immensely profitable. The price charged is low, and the purchase a very desirable one. The buildings consist of a good two-story dwelling and out-houses.

A tract of valuable land, containing 356 acres, with fine two story dwelling containing 9 rooms and cook-room. Servant's house with 3 rooms, large barns and stables, all necessary and convenient out-houses, 3 tenant-houses near town, and immediately on the River. About 100 acres of this land is in fine wood and timber, balance in a fine state of cultivation. It has 8,000 grape vines one year old, 3,500 peach, apple and dwarf pear trees, five acres in strawberries which yielded an immence profit this year, ten acres in Lawton and other rare varieties of black-berries, 15 to 20,000 young peach trees with other choice fruits too numerous to mention. This farm has a public road on one side, and the River on the other, where strangers come daily to the landings to receive the fruits and vegetables, and carry them down to Norfolk, Baltimore, Phila., or New York. The land is finely adapted to raising corn, wheat, cotton, oats, and all other field crops.

The owner of this farm offers to sell in tracts, to suit purchasers, say in 50 to 100 acre tracts, and at prices ranging from 35 to $80 per acre, according to location, buildings, &c.

There is also on this farm a fine fishery, where a seine 1,000 yards long, and 20 feet deep is hauled every Spring. Herring, Shad, Rockfish, Sturgeon and other valuable fish, are caught by thousands at every draw of the seine. And the profits are frequently large. This shery of itself is worth nearly as much as is charged for the whole property. The terms will be liberal. This is probably the finest opportunity offered any where for a profitable investment.

☞ Fishery has an office, and two houses for hands besides fish house. Then some 500 to 1,000 loads of best fish manure on hand, besides over 5,000 loads of compost made ready for use. This goes with the farm.

A desirable house and lot in the town of Elizabeth City on the corner of two principal streets, the principal one, and situated in the best business locality in the town. The lot contains about two acres of land, and the buildings consist of a fair dwelling three stories high, containing eight rooms, all in good order, another two story building with four rooms and pantries, dairy, smokehouses, stables, &c. The dwelling has a good cellar under it. There is room on the front lot to erect two good stores, and they would occupy the best stand in the town for merchandize.

Another valuable tract of land in Pasquotank county one mile from the town, on the river, and containing 156 acres. Good dwelling house and other outbuildings. Land fine. About 120 acres cleared, balance in wood and timber. This farm is surrounded by parties from the North who have purchased all the land adjoining. Price $35,00 per acre, one half cash, balance in 12 and 18 months with interest.

For further particulars, enquire of

GEO. D. POOL,
Agent.

Elizabeth City, N. C., Mar. 9, 1871.

GRANT, MANN & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS & DEALERS

IN

FURNITURE,

MATTRASSES,

UPHOLSTERING GOODS,

CARPETS,

WINDOW SHADES,

MATTING IN GREAT VARIETY, &c. &c.

Making all our furniture we are able to give better satisfaction and sell at lower prices than any house South of Baltimore.

"JOHNSON'S HALL,"

57 Main Street, Norfolk, Va

N. B. Particular attention paid to filling orders.

☞ HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR FEATHERS.

BLANKS.—

For Judges of Probate, Sheriffs, Constables, Magistrates and Superior Court Clerks.

The following BLANKS ar now printed and for sale at this office:

Executions against property,
Appraisers returns,
Apprentice indentures,
Administrator bonds,
Forthcoming bonds,
Bond for costs,
Bastardy bonds,
Appearance bonds.
Letters of administration,
Letters of guardianship,
Letters testamentary,
Executions for cost,
Acknowledgement and private examination of a married woman,
Order to lay off widow's dower,
Recognizance of prisoner with surety,
Assignees deeds,
Summons in action for recovery of money only.
Sheriff's garnishment of delinquent poll.
Officers Fi. Fa.,
Guardians Sci. Fa.,
Superior Court subpœnas—State and civil,
" " writs,
" " Ven. Ex.,
" " capias,
" " Vend. Ex.,
" " " " with Fi. Fa clause,
" " Sci. Fa.,
Magistrate's summons,
" judgment,
" execution,
" subpœna,
" attachment,
" Transcript of judgment,
State warrants,
Peace warrants,
Recognizance—peace warrant,
" State warrant,
Constables forthcoming bonds,
Bastardy—examination of single woman,
" bond,
" warrant against putative father,
Road orders.
Summons for Relief.
Prosecution Bonds.
Citation to Renew Bond.
Bills of Lading.
Complaint to obtain Search Warrant.
Subpœna, Superior Court.
Search Warrants.

The above blanks are in conformity with the new Constitution.

☞ Cash orders will be promptly attended to.

PRICE $2,00 PER HUNDRED.
Address NORTH CAROLINIAN,
Elizabeth City, N. C.

PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY.—

I AM TAKING

Ambrotypes, Melaneotypes, opaltypes, gem pictures, and large pictures painted in oil or water colors, old pictures copied into Photographs and enlarged to any size required. I have also just received a new stock of frames rosewood and gilt frames, cases, &c., &c., of the best quality, and have the best instruments of Foreign and American manufacture. Also a large stock of all kinds of photograph materials, and will guarantee as good work as can be done in any City.

N. B. All work guaranteed to be good or your money will be refunded, or picture taken over. Pictures can be taken in cloudy weather as in clear. I have the best and latest improved skylight gallery, just refitted and built under my direction. I have built several galleries and consider this the best I have ever built and have had over ten years experience in the photograph art. Don't forget the place over Dr. Butt's Drug Store 75 Road Street, E. City, N. C.

J. L. WINNER,
Photographer.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C. Aug., 18, 1870.

MILLAR, GRANDY & ROBERTS,

SUCCESSORS TO

BERKLY, MILLAR & CO.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS

16 *West Main Street, Norfolk, Va.*

W. M. Millar,
J. W. Grandy,
L. W. Roberts.
L. Berkley, } Special Partner.

☞ N. B. NO GOODS SOLD EXCEPT TO MERCHANTS.

May ,19, 1870-1y

$25 TO $100 PER WEEK

made easy by any lady. 20,000 sold in six months. The most wonderfully rapid selling article ever invented for married or single ladie's use. No female can do without it Durable, elegant, cheap, and what has always been wanted, and always will. Profits large. Rights for sale. Lady agents can make fortunes. Standard articles. Circulars free. Address: BANDANAH MANUFACTURING CO., Box 60, Station "A." New York.

Feb. 23, 1871-1y.

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES.

J. SALOMONSKY & CO.,

Have just returned from the North with a large and well selected stock of latest Styles of

LADIES DRESS GOODS

of all descriptions, colors and prices, to suit every purchaser.

The best selection of

PRINTS,

GINGHAMS,

IRISH LINNENS,

WHITE GOODS,

COTTONS,

SHAWLS,

CLOAKING,

and a large stock of fine Lad Hosiery.

We also keep and constantly receive the best Philidelphia made Ladies, Mens and Childrens

BOOTS & SHOES.

A nice assorted stock of Beavers for Ladies Cloaks.

Broad Cloths, Beavers and Casemeres in large quantity and sold cheap.

Ready-made Clothing of all descriptions and at all prices.

Clothing also made to order.

Gents Furnishing Goods of the latest and most improved styles always in season.

HATS & CAPS.

Trunks, Valices. R. R. Bags and Umbrellars in great abundance and a great many other articles not mentioned sold cheap.

CLOTHING OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS CUT TO MEASURE AT

JACOB SALOMONSKYS & CO.,

In the "Barney Tisdale" Stores on Road Street.

Elizabeth City, N. C.

Oct., 27, 1870.

D. B. BRADFORD. J. B. FEARING.

D. B. BRADFORD & CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

ALSO

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Will give personal attention to the sale and purchase of Corn, Wheat, Cotton, Bacon, Flour, Lard and all kinds of Produce and Merchandise, and make prompt returns.

Consignments respectfully solicited, and liberal cash advances made if required.

Refer by permission to

Dr. Wm. G. Pool,
Mr. Geo. D. Pool, Mr. R. F. Overman, Elizabeth City, N. C.
Messrs. Davis & Bro., Norfolk, Va.
Messrs. John Williams & Son, Baltimore, M. D.
Rev. E. M. Forbes, Newberne, N. C.

D. B. BRADFORD & CO.,

Have just received in store, and offer to the trade at

LOWEST RATES,

10 Bags all grades Rio Coffee.
3 Bags choice Laguayra Coffee.
3 Bags Old Government Java Coffee.
10 Barrels choice Demerara Sugars.
5 Barrels P. R. Sugar, very nice.
5 Barrels Refined Sugar, crushed, powdered granulated.
10 Barrels Refined Sugar, A, B and Extra C.
5 Barrels low priced Yellow Sugar.
20 Barrels N. Y. Mess and Rump Pork.
1,000 Pounds Bacon Sides and Shoulders.
500 Pounds choice S. C. Breast Bacon.
1,000 Pounds choice S. C. Family Hams.
4,000 Pounds No. 1 Lard.
100 Sacks Liverpool G. A. Salt.
100 Barrels, C. A. Gambrill and other choice brands of Flour.
20 Barrels Molasses.
3 Barrels Sugar House Syrup.
30 Kegs Nails, all sizes.
20 Barrels Eastern Herrings.
20 Boxes C. Erasive Soap.
500 Blocks Cotton Yarn, assorted numbers.
5 Tubs choice N. Y. State Butter.
7 Barrels Wests No. 1 Kerosene Oil.
10 Barrels Irish Potatoes, *for table use.*
10 Boxes Tobacco.
300 Pounds choice Smoking Tobocco.

With a full stock of pure Pepper, Allspice, Starch, Chocolate, Mustard, Ginger, Brooms, Buckets, Crockery, Glass Ware, Tin Ware, Spades, Shovels, &c. &c., usually kept in a first class Family Grocery, all of which we are selling at low prices, and warranted as represented.

D. B. BRADFORD,
J. B. FEARING.

E. CITY, N. C., May, 19 1870.

MEDICAL.

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S

COMPOUND FLUID.

EXTRACT CATAWBA.

GRAPE PILLS.

Component Parts—Fluid Extract Rhubarb and Fluid Extract Catawba Grape Juice.

For Liver complaints, Jaundice, Bilious affections, Sick or Nervous Headache, Costiveness, etc. Purely Vegetable, containing no Mercury, Minerals or deleterious drugs.

H

These Pills are the most delightfully pleasant purgative, superseding castor oil, salts, magnesia, etc. There is nothing more acceptable to the stomach. They give tone, and cause neither nausea nor griping pains. They are composed of the *finest ingredients.* After a few day's use of them, such an invigoration of the entire system takes place as to appear miraculous to the weak and enervated, whether arising from imprudence or disease. H. T. Helmbold's Compound Fluid Extract Catawba Grape Pills are not sugar-coated, from the fact that sugar-coated Pills do not dissolve, but pass through the stomach without dissolving, consequently do not produce the desired effect. The Catawba Grape Pills, being pleasant in taste and odor, do not necessitate their being sugar-coated. Price Fifty Cents per Box.

E

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S

HIGHLY CONCENTRATED COMPOUND

FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA

Will radically exterminate from the system Scrofula, Syphilis, Fever Sores, Ulcers, Sore Eyes, Sore Legs, Sore Mouth, Sore Head, Bronchitis, Skin Diseases, Salt Rheum, Cankers, Runnings from the Ear, White Swellings, Tumors, Cancerous Affecsions, Nodes, Rickets, Glandular Swellings, Night Sweats, Rash, Tetter, Humors of all Kinds, Chronic Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, and all diseases that have been established in the system for years.

L

Being prepared expressly for the above complaints, its blood-purifying properties are greater than any other preparation of sarsaparilla. It gives the complexion a clear and healthy color and restores the patient to a state of health and purity. For purifying the blood, removing all chronic constitutional diseases arising from an impure state of the blood. And the only reliable and effectual known remedy for the cure of pain and swelling of the bones, ulcerations of the throat and legs, blotches, pimples on the face, erysipelas and all scaly eruptions of the skin, and beautifying the complexion. Price, $1 50 per bottle.

M

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S

CONCENTRATED

FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,

THE GREAT DIURETIC,

has cured every case of Diabetes in which it has been given, Irritation of the neck of the Bladder and Inflammation of the Kidneys, Ulceration of the Kidneys and Bladder, Retention of Urin, diseases of the Prostate Gland, Stone in the Bladder, Calculus, Gravel, Brick-dust Deposit, and Mucus or Milky Discharges, and for enfeebled and delicate constitutions of both sexes, attended with the following symptoms: indisposition to exertion, loss of power, loss of memory; difficulty of breathing, weak nerves, trembling, horror of disease, wakefulness, dimness of vision, pain in the back, hot hands, flushing of the body, dryness of the skin, eruption on the face, pallid countenance, universal lasitude of the muscular system, etc.

Used by persons from the ages of eighteen to twenty-five and from thirty-five to fifty-five or in the decline or change of life; after confinement or labor pains; bed-wetting in children.

B

Helmbold's Extract Buchu is Diuretic and blood-purifying, and cures all diseases arising from habits of dissipation, and excesses and imprudences in life, impurities of the blood, etc., superceding copabia in affections for which it is used, and syphilitic affections—In these diseases used in connection with Helmbold's Rose Wash.

LADIES.

In many affections peculiar to ladies, the extract buhu is unequaled by any other remedy—as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrus state of the Uterus, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from indiscretion or habits of dissipation. It is prascribed extensively by the most eminent physicians and midwives for enfeebled and delicate constitutions of both sexs and all ages (attended with any of the above diseases or symptoms)

O

H. T. Helmbold's Extract Buchu Cures Diseases Arising from Imprudence, Habits of Dissipation, Etc.,

in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience, and no exposure. It causes a frequent desire, and gives strength to Urinate, thereby removing obstructions, preventing and curing Strictures of the Urethra, allaying pain and inflammation, so frequent in this class of diseases, and expelling all poisonous matter.

Thousands who have been the victims of incompetent persons, and who have paid heavy fees to be cured in a short time, have found they have been deceived, and that the "Poison" has, by the use of "powerful astringents," been dried up in the system, to break out in a more agravated form, and perhaps after Marriage.

Use Helmbold's Extract Buchu for all affections and diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. Price One Dollar and Fifty Cents per Bottle.

L

Henry T. Helmbold's Improved Rose Wash

cannot be surpassed as a Face Wash, and will be found the only specific remedy in every species of cutaneous affection. It speedily eradicates pimples, spots, scorbutic dryness, indurations of the cutaneous membrane, etc., dispels redness and incipient Inflammation, Hives, Rash, Moth Patches, dryness of Scalp or Skin, Frost Bites, and all purposes for which Salves or Ointments are used: restores the skin to a state of purity and softness, and insures continued healthy action to the tissue of its vessels, on which depends the agreeable clearness and vivacity of complexion so much sought and admired. But however valuable as a remedy for existing defects of the skin, H. T. Helmbolt's Rose Wash has long sustained its principle claim to unbounded patronage, by possessing qualities which render it a Toilet Appendage of the most Superlative and Congenial character, combining in an elegant formula those prominent requisites, Safety and Efficacy—the invartable accompaniments of its use—as a Preservative and Refresher of the complexion. It is an excellent Lotion for diseases of a Syphilitic Nature, and as an injection for diseases of the Urinary Organs, arising from habits of dissipation, used in connection with the Extracts Buchu, Sarsaparilla, and Catawba Grape Pills, in such diseases as recommended, cannot be surpassed. Price One Dollar per bottle.

D

Full and explicit directions accompany the medicines.

Evidence of the most responsible and reliable character furnished on application, with hundreds of thousands of living witnesses and upward of 30,000 unsolicited certificates and recommendatory letters, many of which are from the highest sources, including eminent Physicians, Clergymen, Statesmen, etc. The proprietor has never resorted to their publication in the newspapers; he does not do this from the fact that his articles rank as Standard Preparations, and do not need to be propped up by certificates.

Henry T. Helmbold's Genuine Preparations.

Delivered to any address. Secure from observation.

Established upward of Twenty Years. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Address letters for information, in confidence to Henry T. Helmbold, Druggist and Chemist.

Only Depots: H. T. Helmbold's Drug and Chemical Warehouse, No. 594 Broadway, New York, or to H. T. Helmbold's Medical Depot, 104 South Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Beware of counterfeits. Ask for Henry T. Helmbold's! Take no other.

to May 6th.

MISCELLANEOUS.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

TO

CONSUMERS OF DRY GOODS.

ALL RETAIL ORDERS AMOUNTING TO $20 AND OVER DELIVERED IN ANY PART OF THE COUNTRY.

FREE OF EXPRESS CHARGES.

HAMILTON EASTON & SONS,

OF BALTIMORE, MD.,

In order the better to meet the wants of their Retail Customers at a distance, have established a

SAMPLE BUREAU,

and will, upon application, *promptly send by mail* full lines of Samples of the Newest and most Fashionable Goods, of FRENCH, ENGLISH and DOMESTIC MANUFACTURE, guaranteeing at all times to sell *as low,* if not at *less prices,* than any house in the country.

Buying our goods from the largest and most celebrated manufacturers in the different parts of Europe, and importing the same by Steamers direct to Baltimore, our stock is at all times promptly supplied with the novelties of the London and Paris Markets.

As we buy and sell *only for cash, and make no bad debts,* we are able and willing to sell our goods at FROM TEN TO FIFTEEN PER CENT, LESS PROFIT than if we gave credit.

In sending for samples specify the kind of goods desired. We keep the best grades of every class of goods, from the lowest to the most costly.

Orders unaccompanied by the cash, will be sent C, O, D.

PROMPT PAYING WHOLESALE BUYERS are invited to inspect the Stock in our Jobbing and Packing Department. Address

HAMILTON EASTON & SONS,
197, 199, 201 and 203 West Baltimore St.,
Baltimore, Md.

Oct. 27th.,-70—1y.

ESTABLISHED 1811.

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In the city of

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INSIDE FIGURES ALWAYS.

Send for Catalogues, &c.

14-6m.

HAVING SECURED THE SERVICES OF THE best mechanics in each of the departments, and giving my own particular attention to all work done at my shop, I feel safe in saying that my work will compare favorably with that of any of the large cities. All I ask is an examination of my work to convince those in want of any kind of a vehicle that this is the place to buy them.

Repairing done at short notice and at reasonable rates. Give me a call.

JNO. S. WAUGH.

Elizabath City, Nov. 25, 1869.-tf.

VARIETY STORE.

I take this method of informing the public that I have just received at my store on Leather Hill, a new and selected stock of

BEST FAMILY GROCERIES.

Also an extensive assortment of hardware, cutlery, notions, patent medicines, &c., &c. Also a fresh lot of confectioneries, consisting in part of candies, oranges, fruits, nuts, &c., &c., all of which I propose to sell cheap for cash—my motto being small profits and quick sales.

The public are invited to call and examine for themselves. KEATON & HORTON.

24-1y

ESTABLISHED 1846.

JOHN B. WILLIAMS. THOS. P. WILLIAMS, JR. P. C. WILLIAMS.

JOHN WILLIAMS & SON,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

4 South Holliday Street.

BALTIMORE.

July 8, 1869.

W. H. CLARK'S

NORTH CAROLINA AGRICULTURAL DEPOT,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

MR. CLARK would announce to the public that he has again re-opened his large establishment at which the following Machinery is Manufactured, Horse Powers, different Sizes and Patterns, Corn Shellers for Hand or Horse Power, Wheat Threshers, different sizes, Corn and Wheat Fans.

PLOUGHS of Different Patterns and Sizes always on hand, also, Corn Planters, Straw Cutters, Horse Rakes, Scythes, Reap Hooks and all kinds of Agricultural Machinery repaired at Short Notice.

36—1y.

HL'S HAIR RENOVATOR,

AND COLOR RESTORER!

The most effectual and harmless preparation for preserving, beautifying and restoring the Hair to its Natural Color and Vitality. It restores Gray Hair to its natural color, prevents it from falling off, stimulates and imparts new life and vigor to the roots, promotes a vigorous growth, and causes the Hair to be entirely renewed. It is not a dye, and will not soil the finest fabric, and is the most cleanly and delightfully perfumed Hair Dressing in the World!

Try it—Price only 75 Cents.

JOS. P. HALL, Jr., Proprietor,
Suffolk, Va.

38—3m.

The Greatest Pain Extractor in the World!

POLLARD'S RHEUMATIC, OR,

Nerve and Bone Liniment. For Man and Beast!

It strikes at the very germ of the disease, penetrates through the flesh to the bone, disseminating its soothing and healing influence removes the most excrutiating pain, producing a speedy and permanent cure. In all cases of Rheumatism, Paralysis, Erysipelas, Neuralgia, Gout, Chilblains, Old Sores, Burns, Scalds, Bites, Poisonous Bites and Stings, Sprains, Cuts, Bruises, and Wounds of every description, all yield to its magic influence.

JOS. P. HALL, Jr., Proprietor,
Suffolk, Va.

38—3m.

LIVERY STABLES.

JONE'S LIVERY STABLES

At Elizabeth City, N. C.

I would announce to my friends and the public that I am still at the old place on Main street, a few doors west of Road, and keep horses, buggies, carriages, &c., for hire. Persons promptly accommodated at all times and on reasonable terms.

ARTHUR L. JONES.

Mar. 17, 1870.-38—1y.

LIVERY STABLES

AT ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

The subscriber takes this method of informing his old friends and the public generally that he is still at the "old stand" and continues to keep horses, buggies, carriages &c., for hire. Persons accommodated at all times and on reasonable terms. Remember the place—on Road Street near the canal bridge.

10-1y C. B. BROTHERS.

BANKING HOUSE.

NORTH CAROLINA

MANUFACTURING, LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY.

Incorporated by the N. C. Legislature, with Liberal Banking Privileges.

Office: Elizabeth City, N. C.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

GEO. D. POOL, *Pres't.;* R. F. OVERMAN, *Cas'r.;*
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Hon. C. C. POOL, C. W. HOLLOWELL,
C. W. SMITH, WM. UNDERWOOD,
A. C. MOORE.

Deals in Exchange, Sight Drafts, Gold and Silver Coin, Government and other Securities, etc.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought and sold on reasonable terms.

July 15, 1869-1y.

GUIRKIN & CO.

BANKERS & BROKERS,

CORR'S BRICK BUILDING, ROAD St,
Elizabeth City, N. C.

Do a general Banking business,

Buy and Sell, Gold and Silver, Domestic and Foreign Exchange,

Deal in State, County and Corporation Bonds and Stocks.

☞ *Interest allowed on Deposits.*

Also Agents for FIRST CLASS LIFE, FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Policies effected at lowest rates and in best Companies in the world. 28-tf.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DOUBLE REFINED POUDRETTE

OF THE

"LODI MANUFACTURING CO."

For sale in lots to suit customers. This article is sold for half the price of other fertilizers, and is cheaper for Cotton, Corn, Tobacco and Vegetables, than any other in the market. It is made entirely from the night soil, offal, &c., of New York City.

Price, delivered on board in New York City, Twenty-five Dollars per Ton.

Read the following Testimonials:

Jacob Joyner, Esq., of Greenville, N. C., under date of October 25th, 1870, says: "The Poudrette I purchased of you last spring, I used on Corn, and from results, I am satisfied it is the cheapest and best fertilizer we can use in this section."

David W. Gaskill, of Washington, N. C., under date of Nov. 4th, 1870, says: "I used your Double Refined Poudrette on Cotton in the same way (in the drill, side by side with Peruvian Guano, the Poudrette in one row and the Guano in the next, and I pronounce it superior to the Guano. In the spring the rows where I used the Guano looked the best, but in June and July the Poudrette showed itself, and my neighbors who have seen it pronounce it equal to Guano, and I think, they will unite with me in using it another year."

James R. Wilder, of Franklinton, N. C., says in letter dated Sept. 23d, 1870: "I used the Double Refined Poudrette on Cotton, and it will, without a doubt, make more than a ½ Guano, which has a great reputation as a Cotton Manure. The Nitro-Phosphate I used on Cotton Sweet Potatoes and garden truck, all of which did exceedingly well.

J. J. Rollins, of Pactalus, N. C., under date of October 20th, 1870, says: "I believe the Double Refined Poudrette and Bone Dust are all they are recommended to be. I used the Poudrette on Corn, and although the season has been very unfavorable for all kinds of fertilizers on my sandy soil. I was perfectly satis